Auditor's Report and Financial Statements



บริษัท สอบบัญชี ดี ไอ เอ อินเตอร์เนชั่นแนล จำกัด DIA INTERNATIONAL AUDIT CO., LTD.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To The Shareholders of Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements of Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited and subsidiaries ("the Group") and of Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited ("the Company") which comprise the consolidated and separate statements of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the consolidated and separate statements of profit and loss, comprehensive income, consolidated and separate statements of changes in shareholders' equity, and consolidated and separate statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information.

In my opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited and subsidiaries and of Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited as at 31 December 2024 and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

# **Basis for Audit Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements section of my report. I am independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

316/32 ซอยสุขุมวิท 22 ถนนสุขุมวิท แขวงคลองเตย เขตคลองเตย กรุงเทพฯ 10110 www.diaaudit.com Tel. 02-2595300 (อัตโนมัติ 11 คู่สาย) 316/32 Sukhumvit Soi 22 Sukhumvit Rd., Klongtoey, Bangkok Thailand 10110 Fax. 02-2601553

#### Material uncertainty on going concern

As at 31 December 2024, parts of financial position of the Group and the Company are as follows:

As stated in notes 2 to financial statements which indicated that for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group and the Company have a net loss of Baht 3,109.52 million and Baht 3,073.55 million respectively, and have operating loss of Baht 3,342.91 million and Baht 3,306.94 million respectively, after deducting non-operating profit of Baht 233.39 million and as at 31 December 2024, the Group and the Company have current liabilities exceed current assets of Baht 1,237.66 million and Baht 1,244.21 million respectively, deficit of Baht 20,588.97 million and Baht 21,219.68 million respectively, and negative shareholders' equity of Baht 18,543.54 million and Baht 19,590.09 million respectively.

As discussed in notes 2 and 24 of the financial statements which indicated that on 12 January 2024, the Government Gazette was published that the Central Bankruptcy ordered to cancel the rehabilitation plan on 13 December 2023. Therefore, the Board of Directors of the Company and shareholders have returned entire legal rights since the date of the Central Bankruptcy Court's order the cancellation of the rehabilitation plan of the Company. Therefore, the Plan No. 3 shall remain in force with the Company and binds all creditors and all parties shall continue to comply with the terms and conditions until the debts are fully settled to the creditors in accordance with the rehabilitation plan.

The Group and the Company are under process to follow business operations plan and financial strategy to ensure that the Group and the Company has adequate liquidity and the ability to meet liabilities payment on due date and continuously operate business. However, the liquidity factors for Group and the Company may be dependent on the success of execution management's plans, the ability to rehabilitate according to all conditions as specified in the rehabilitation plan including negotiation to extend the debt repayment period in the future, the ability to seek additional sources of funds for business operation, revised the business plan to support the future operating performance and repayment loan at the maturity dates including the continuing support of the provider of the bank facilities. These circumstances involve multiple uncertainties, which may have the potential interaction of material uncertainties and their possible cumulative effect on the financial statements. Those circumstances indicate that material uncertainties exist that may cast significant doubt on the Group and Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

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# **Emphasis of Matter**

Accordingly, my opinion is not modified in respect of the following matters.

1. The cancellation of rehabilitation plan and the progressive of the implementation

As stated in notes 24 of the financial statements, on 12 January 2024, the Government Gazette was published that the Central Bankruptcy ordered to cancel the rehabilitation plan on 13 December 2023 which affect Plan No. 3 shall remain in force with the Company and binds all creditors. This rehabilitation plan shall be regarded as a debt restructuring agreement between the Company and all creditors, and all parties shall continue to comply with the terms and conditions of this rehabilitation plan until the debt settlement to creditors under the rehabilitation plan are fully made.

2. Collection from related company debtors under rehabilitation plan

As stated in notes 24 to financial statement, as at 31 December 2024, the Company has debts of the two debtors of Baht 3,019.71 million and Baht 3,111.40 million respectively. The debt collection and the outstanding debt are not conformed to the requirement of the rehabilitation plan. However, the event is not considered a cause of default because the Committee of Creditors has not received notice of such defaulting. Currently, the Company is in the process of collecting such debts and the Company proposes the guidelines for the outstanding debts settlement of both debtors and the solving occurred to both debtors, to the Committee of Creditors for approval. At present, it is under consideration and approval by the Committee of Creditors.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgment, were of most significance in my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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#### Assets

#### Impairment of property, plant and equipment

As described in notes 16 to the financial statements, the Company's property, plant and equipment with the amount of Baht 11,007.21 million which are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses are significant amount. The management exercise judgment in determining the impairment loss due to the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment is determined on value in use by estimate future cash flows that the Company expects to generate from the assets which related to the projection of future operating performance, future plan and determination of an appropriate discount rate and key assumptions. Accordingly, I have identified that considering the impairment loss of property, plant and equipment is the significant matter that I have addressed this matter as key audit.

#### My audit procedures on such matter

I have tested the impairment of property, plant and equipment by obtaining an understanding and assessing the reasonable and supportable assumptions and approaches in preparation of the estimate of future cash inflows or outflows which the Group and the Company expected to derive from the continuing use of the property, plant and equipment, including assess the Company's reasonable discount rate which used for calculation of the recoverable amount of the property, plant and equipment and considered the adequacy of the information disclosure related to impairment of property, plant and equipment.

# Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises information in the annual report of the Group, (but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and my auditor's report thereon), The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report date.

My opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance and the management of the Group.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated and separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated and separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated and separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated and separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business
  activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible
  for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit
  opinion.

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I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

D I A International Audit Company Limited

# Chonlakarn Chrityakierne

(Ms. Chonlakarn Chrityakierne) C.P.A. (Thailand) Registration No. 10925

28 February 2025

Statements of financial position

As at 31 December 2024

					Unit: Baht
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate finance	cial statements
Assets	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023
			(Reclassification)		(Reclassification)
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	9	442,907,315	392,725,447	320,015,544	284,302,758
Trade and other current receivables	10	265,401,941	430,843,648	169,128,134	306,924,401
Current contract assets	11.1	79,549,864	87,587,258	-	-
Short-term loans to related parties	8.4	-	-	-	17,367,200
Current portion of long-term loans to related parties	8.5	-	-	-	20,406,460
Inventories	12	5,906,367,632	7,394,540,324	5,873,432,902	7,368,220,994
Derivative assets		132,834	112,584	132,834	-
Other current assets		71,143,644	55,220,531	12,457,225	13,288,344
Total current assets		6,765,503,230	8,361,029,792	6,375,166,639	8,010,510,157
Non-current assets					
Other non-current financial assets	13	-	-	-	-
Restricted deposits with financial institutions		11,222,639	55,003,262	8,071,231	52,699,375
Investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	323,999,930	323,999,930
Investments in joint venture	15	2,644,017,560	2,510,279,461	2,628,781,546	2,628,781,546
Long-term loans to related parties	8.5	-	-	606,518,628	579,771,747
Property, plant and equipment	16	11,007,205,825	11,551,911,442	8,652,163,283	9,075,638,281
Right-of-use assets	17.1	82,383,879	106,708,616	57,531,157	89,880,369
Intangible assets	18	15,530,915	15,986,026	14,346,282	14,290,057
Deferred tax assets	19	17,707,896	15,671,947	-	-
Other non-current assets		15,078,396	15,426,836	12,673,999	13,026,222
Total non-current assets		13,793,147,110	14,270,987,590	12,304,086,056	12,778,087,527
Total assets		20,558,650,340	22,632,017,382	18,679,252,695	20,788,597,684

Statements of financial position (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2024

Consolidated financial statements         Separate financial statements           Liabilities and shareholders' equity         Notes         2024         2023         2024         2023           Current liabilities          (Reclassification)         (Reclassification)         (Reclassification)           Current liabilities         20         16.500.000         22.500.000         -         -           Trade and other current payables         21         5.913.188.441         6.387.123.088         5.645.976.513         6.114.300.813           Current outract liabilities         21         5.913.188.441         6.387.123.088         6.966.741.244         556.482.665           Current portion of long-term loans         from financial institutions         23         427.944         438.779         716.120.240         319.347.789           Current portion of negaterm loans         17.2         39.590.792         37.601.173         29.015.277         24.283.350           Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522.241.788         930.641.388         487.038.812         930.641.388           Corporate income tax payable         72.301         -         -         -           Provisions for mercus contracts         22         44.488.247         17.977.914         44.488.247						Unit: Baht
Current liabilities         (Reclassification)         (Reclassification)           Current liabilities         20         16.500,000         22,500,000         .         .           Trade and other current payables         21         5.913,188,441         6.387,129,088         5.645,976,513         6,114,360,813           Current contract liabilities         11.1         749,764,352         588,628,584         696,741,244         556,482,665           Current portion of long-term loans         7         438,791         .         .         .           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         23         427,944         438,791         .         .           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         17.2         38,560,792         37,601,173         29,015,277         24,283,350           Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         .         .         .         .           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,488,247         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         .         .         .         . <th></th> <th></th> <th colspan="2">Consolidated financial statements</th> <th>Separate finance</th> <th>cial statements</th>			Consolidated financial statements		Separate finance	cial statements
Current liabilities         20         16,500,000         22,500,000         -         -           Trade and other current payables         21         5,913,188,441         6,387,129,088         5,645,976,513         6,114,360,613           Current contract liabilities         11.1         749,764,352         588,628,564         696,741,244         556,482,665           Current portion of long-term loans         -         -         -         -           from financial institutions         23         427,944         438,791         -         -           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         24         716,120,240         319,347,789         716,120,240         319,347,789           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         17.2         38,590,792         37,601,173         29,015,277         24,283,350           Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         -         -         -         -           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,488,247         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -	Liabilities and shareholders' equity	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023
Short-term loans from financial institutions         20         16,500,000         22,500,000         -         -           Trade and other current payables         21         5,913,188,441         6,387,129,088         5,645,976,513         6,114,360,813           Current on fract liabilities         11.1         749,764,352         588,628,584         606,741,224         556,482,665           from financial institutions         23         427,944         438,791         -         -           Current portion of ong-term loans         716,120,240         319,347,789         716,120,240         319,347,789           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         17.2         39,590,792         37,601,173         29,015,277         24,283,350           Short-term loans from related parties         8,6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         -         -         -         -           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,482,427         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -         15309,138         -         -           Non-current liabilities         23         278,				(Reclassification)		(Reclassification)
Trade and other current payables         21         5,913,188,441         6,387,129,088         5,645,976,513         6,114,360,813           Current contract liabilities         11.1         749,764,352         588,628,684         696,741,244         556,482,665           Current portion of long-term loans         rom financial institutions         23         427,944         438,791         -         -           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         24         716,120,240         319,347,789         716,120,240         319,347,789           Current portion of lease liabilities         17.2         39,590,792         37,601,173         29,015,277         24,283,350           Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         -         -         -           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,488,247         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -         15,309,138         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Current liabilities					
Current contract liabilities       11.1       749,764,352       588,628,584       696,741,244       556,482,665         Current portion of long-term loans       rom financial institutions       23       427,944       438,791       -       -         Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities       24       716,120,240       319,347,789       716,120,240       319,347,789         Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities       17.2       39,590,792       37,601,173       29,015,277       24,283,350         Short-term loans from related parties       8.6       522,241,798       930,641,358       487,038,812       930,641,588         Corporate income tax payable       72,301       -       -       -       -         Provisions for onerous contracts       22       44,488,247       17,977,914       44,488,247       17,977,914         Derivative liabilities       764,702       15,309,138       -       15,309,138       -       15,309,138         Total current liabilities       23       276,025       4,448,824       17,977,914       44,488,247       17,977,914         Derivative liabilities       23       276,025       4,448,824       -       -       -         Long-term loans from financial institutions       23       276,025	Short-term loans from financial institutions	20	16,500,000	22,500,000	-	-
Current portion of long-term loans         23         427,944         438,791         -         -           Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         24         716,120,240         319,347,789         716,120,240         319,347,789           Current portion of lease liabilities         17.2         39,590,792         37,601,173         29,015,277         24,283,350           Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         -         -         -           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,488,247         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -         15,309,138           Total current liabilities         8.003,158,817         8.319,573,835         7,619,380,333         7,978,403,027           Non-current liabilities         24         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521           Long-term loans from financial institutions         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -           Rehabilitation liabilities         19         182,014,484         196,291,530	Trade and other current payables	21	5,913,188,441	6,387,129,088	5,645,976,513	6,114,360,813
from financial institutions       23       427,944       438,791       -         Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities       24       716,120,240       319,347,789       716,120,240       319,347,789         Current portion of lease liabilities       17.2       39,590,792       37,601,173       29,015,277       24,283,350         Short-term loans from related parties       8.6       522,241,798       930,641,358       487,038,812       930,641,358         Corporate income tax payable       72,301       -       -       -         Provisions for onerous contracts       22       44,488,247       17,977,914       44,488,247       17,977,914         Derivative liabilities       764,702       15,309,138       -       15,309,138         Total current liabilities       8,003,158,817       8,319,573,835       7,619,380,333       7,978,403,027         Non-current liabilities       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Long-term loans from financial institutions       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Rehabilitation liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530	Current contract liabilities	11.1	749,764,352	588,628,584	696,741,244	556,482,665
Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities         24         716,120,240         319,347,789         716,120,240         319,347,789           Current portion of lease liabilities         17.2         39,590,792         37,601,173         29,015,277         24,283,350           Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         -         -         -           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,488,247         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -         15,309,138           Total current liabilities         8,003,158,817         8,319,573,835         7,619,380,333         7,978,403,027           Non-current liabilities         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -           Rehabilitation liabilities         24         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521           Lease liabilities         17.2         49,666,057         78,718,474         31,181,164         68,370,730           Deferred tax liabilities         19         182,014,484         196,291,530         16,053	Current portion of long-term loans					
Current portion of lease liabilities       17.2       39,590,792       37,601,173       29,015,277       24,283,350         Short-term loans from related parties       8.6       522,241,798       930,641,358       487,038,812       930,641,358         Corporate income tax payable       72,301       -       -       -         Provisions for onerous contracts       22       44,488,247       17,977,914       44,488,247       17,977,914         Derivative liabilities       764,702       15,309,138       -       15,309,138         Total current liabilities       8.003,158,817       8.319,573,835       7,619,380,333       7,978,403,027         Non-current liabilities       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Long-term loans from financial institutions       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Rehabilitation liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,5	from financial institutions	23	427,944	438,791	-	-
Short-term loans from related parties         8.6         522,241,798         930,641,358         487,038,812         930,641,358           Corporate income tax payable         72,301         -         -         -           Provisions for onerous contracts         22         44,488,247         17,977,914         44,488,247         17,977,914           Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -         15,309,138           Total current liabilities         8.003,158,817         8,319,573,835         7,619,380,333         7,978,403,027           Non-current liabilities         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -           Long-term loans from financial institutions         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -           Rehabilities         17.2         49,666,057         78,718,474         31,181,164         68,370,730           Deferred tax liabilities         19         182,014,484         196,291,530         16,653,026         16,644,705           Employee benefit obligations         25         499,222,034         483,852,675         416,328,433         400,306,698           Provision for decommissioning costs         26         181,458,584         127,404,705         -         -	Current portion of rehabilitation liabilities	24	716,120,240	319,347,789	716,120,240	319,347,789
Corporate income tax payable       72,301       .       .         Provisions for onerous contracts       22       44,488,247       17,977,914       44,488,247       17,977,914         Derivative liabilities       764,702       15,309,138       .       15,309,138         Total current liabilities       8,003,158,817       8,319,573,835       7,619,380,333       7,978,403,027         Non-current liabilities       23       278,025       4,448,824       .       .         Rehabilitation liabilities       24       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521         Lease liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       .       .         Other non-current liabilities       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876         Total non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063 <td>Current portion of lease liabilities</td> <td>17.2</td> <td>39,590,792</td> <td>37,601,173</td> <td>29,015,277</td> <td>24,283,350</td>	Current portion of lease liabilities	17.2	39,590,792	37,601,173	29,015,277	24,283,350
Provisions for onerous contracts       22       44,488,247       17,977,914       44,488,247       17,977,914         Derivative liabilities       764,702       15,309,138       -       15,309,138         Total current liabilities       8,003,158,817       8,319,573,835       7,619,380,333       7,978,403,027         Non-current liabilities       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Rehabilitation liabilities       24       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521         Lease liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530         Total non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530	Short-term loans from related parties	8.6	522,241,798	930,641,358	487,038,812	930,641,358
Derivative liabilities         764,702         15,309,138         -         15,309,138           Total current liabilities         8,003,158,817         8,319,573,835         7,619,380,333         7,978,403,027           Non-current liabilities         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -           Rehabilitation liabilities         24         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521           Lease liabilities         17.2         49,666,057         78,718,474         31,181,164         68,370,730           Deferred tax liabilities         19         182,014,484         196,291,530         16,053,026         16,644,705           Employee benefit obligations         25         499,222,034         483,852,675         416,328,433         400,306,698           Provision for decommissioning costs         26         181,458,584         127,404,705         -         -           Other non-current liabilities         31,099,034,624         29,732,122,605         30,649,958,063         29,326,728,530	Corporate income tax payable		72,301	-	-	-
Total current liabilities         8,003,158,817         8,319,573,835         7,619,380,333         7,978,403,027           Non-current liabilities         Long-term loans from financial institutions         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -         -           Rehabilitation liabilities         24         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521           Lease liabilities         17.2         49,666,057         78,718,474         31,181,164         68,370,730           Deferred tax liabilities         19         182,014,484         196,291,530         16,053,026         16,644,705           Employee benefit obligations         25         499,222,034         483,852,675         416,328,433         400,306,698           Provision for decommissioning costs         26         181,458,584         127,404,705         -         -           Other non-current liabilities         31,099,034,624         29,732,122,605         30,649,958,063         29,326,728,530	Provisions for onerous contracts	22	44,488,247	17,977,914	44,488,247	17,977,914
Non-current liabilities         23         278,025         4,448,824         -         -           Rehabilitation liabilities         24         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521         30,185,571,564         28,840,582,521           Lease liabilities         17.2         49,666,057         78,718,474         31,181,164         68,370,730           Deferred tax liabilities         19         182,014,484         196,291,530         16,053,026         16,644,705           Employee benefit obligations         25         499,222,034         483,852,675         416,328,433         400,306,698           Provision for decommissioning costs         26         181,458,584         127,404,705         -         -           Other non-current liabilities         31,099,034,624         29,732,122,605         30,649,958,063         29,326,728,530	Derivative liabilities		764,702	15,309,138	-	15,309,138
Long-term loans from financial institutions       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Rehabilitation liabilities       24       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521         Lease liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530	Total current liabilities		8,003,158,817	8,319,573,835	7,619,380,333	7,978,403,027
Long-term loans from financial institutions       23       278,025       4,448,824       -       -         Rehabilitation liabilities       24       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521         Lease liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530						
Rehabilitation liabilities       24       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521       30,185,571,564       28,840,582,521         Lease liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530	Non-current liabilities					
Lease liabilities       17.2       49,666,057       78,718,474       31,181,164       68,370,730         Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876         Total non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530	Long-term loans from financial institutions	23	278,025	4,448,824	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities       19       182,014,484       196,291,530       16,053,026       16,644,705         Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876         Total non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530	Rehabilitation liabilities	24	30,185,571,564	28,840,582,521	30,185,571,564	28,840,582,521
Employee benefit obligations       25       499,222,034       483,852,675       416,328,433       400,306,698         Provision for decommissioning costs       26       181,458,584       127,404,705       -       -         Other non-current liabilities       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876       823,876         Total non-current liabilities       31,099,034,624       29,732,122,605       30,649,958,063       29,326,728,530	Lease liabilities	17.2	49,666,057	78,718,474	31,181,164	68,370,730
Provision for decommissioning costs         26         181,458,584         127,404,705         -         -           Other non-current liabilities         823,876         823,876         823,876         823,876         823,876           Total non-current liabilities         31,099,034,624         29,732,122,605         30,649,958,063         29,326,728,530	Deferred tax liabilities	19	182,014,484	196,291,530	16,053,026	16,644,705
Other non-current liabilities         823,876         8	Employee benefit obligations	25	499,222,034	483,852,675	416,328,433	400,306,698
Total non-current liabilities         31,099,034,624         29,732,122,605         30,649,958,063         29,326,728,530	Provision for decommissioning costs	26	181,458,584	127,404,705	-	-
	Other non-current liabilities		823,876	823,876	823,876	823,876
Total liabilities 39,102,193,441 38,051,696,440 38,269,338,396 37,305,131,557	Total non-current liabilities		31,099,034,624	29,732,122,605	30,649,958,063	29,326,728,530
Total liabilities 39,102,193,441 38,051,696,440 38,269,338,396 37,305,131,557						
	Total liabilities		39,102,193,441	38,051,696,440	38,269,338,396	37,305,131,557

Statements of financial position (Cont'd)

As at 31 December 2024

					Unit: Baht
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financ	ial statements
Liabilities and shareholders' equity	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital					
Authorized share capital					
871,646,772,055 ordinary shares at par value					
of Baht 1 each	27	871,646,772,055	871,646,772,055	871,646,772,055	871,646,772,055
Issued and paid-up share capital					
11,444,458,319 ordinary shares at par value					
of Baht 1 each	27	11,444,458,319	11,444,458,319	11,444,458,319	11,444,458,319
Share discount on ordinary shares	27	(9,814,868,037)	(9,814,868,037)	(9,814,868,037)	(9,814,868,037)
Deficit		(20,588,970,059)	(17,491,021,165)	(21,219,675,983)	(18,146,124,155)
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		(18,959,379,777)	(15,861,430,883)	(19,590,085,701)	(16,516,533,873)
Non-controlling interests		415,836,676	441,751,825		
Total shareholders' equity		(18,543,543,101)	(15,419,679,058)	(19,590,085,701)	(16,516,533,873)
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		20,558,650,340	22,632,017,382	18,679,252,695	20,788,597,684

Statements of profit and loss

For the year ended 31 December 2024

For the year ended ST December 2024					Unit: Baht
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financi	al statements
	Notes	2024	2023	2024	2023
Income					
Revenue from sales		25,224,393,314	24,304,158,495	25,219,340,214	24,303,463,975
Revenue from rendering of services		1,095,925,131	1,058,118,544	173,554,267	177,923,615
Dividend income	14	-	-	40,800,000	30,600,000
Other income		35,832,672	48,880,875	9,111,860	27,020,285
Gain on exchange rate		114,400,097	121,195,519	115,168,083	119,151,814
Total income		26,470,551,214	25,532,353,433	25,557,974,424	24,658,159,689
Expenses					
Cost of sales		25,758,067,458	23,736,759,005	25,856,072,122	23,838,646,891
Idle cost		-	45,166,671	-	45,166,671
Cost of rendering of services		927,257,726	907,110,129	152,997,009	134,696,563
Distribution costs		65,759,813	75,239,627	55,523,452	64,546,598
Administrative expenses		965,760,531	1,014,664,127	655,295,869	774,535,603
Loss on damage from fire incident	16.1	29,065,323	-	29,065,323	-
(Reversal of) impairment loss for accounts receivable		(105,985,128)	(56,933,565)	(107,898,271)	(57,094,873)
(Reversal of) loss on onerous contracts	22	26,510,332	(16,618,114)	26,510,332	(16,618,114)
Total expenses		27,666,436,055	25,705,387,880	26,667,565,836	24,783,879,339
Profit (loss) from operating activities		(1,195,884,841)	(173,034,447)	(1,109,591,412)	(125,719,650)
Finance income		2,293,148	2,850,576	47,593,772	44,087,061
Finance costs		(2,250,462,357)	(1,963,560,120)	(2,245,540,681)	(1,958,718,451)
Gain (loss) on exchange rate from rehabilitation liabilities, net	24	233,394,814	44,263,269	233,394,814	44,263,269
Gain on remeasurement of financial liabilities measured					
at amortized cost	24	-	4,302,924,579	-	4,302,924,579
Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures accounted for using					
the equity method	15	104,936,859	(37,676,041)		
Profit (loss) before income tax expense		(3,105,722,377)	2,175,767,816	(3,074,143,507)	2,306,836,808
Income tax	30	(3,800,327)	(6,438,757)	591,679	(470,794)
Profit (loss) for the year		(3,109,522,704)	2,169,329,059	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014
Profit (Jaco) ettelbudelle te					
Profit (loss) attributable to		(2,422,227,555)	0.400.004.740	(2.072.554.000)	0.000.000.01
Owners of the Company		(3,122,807,555)	2,162,801,743	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014
Non-controlling interests	14	13,284,851	6,527,316		
Profit (loss) for the year	:	(3,109,522,704)	2,169,329,059	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht)	31	(0.27)	0.19	(0.27)	0.20

Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited and Subsidiaries

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### Statements of comprehensive income

				Unit: Baht	
	Consolidated finan	cial statements	Separate financial statements		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Profit (loss) for the year	(3,109,522,704)	2,169,329,059	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014	
Other comprehensive income (expense):					
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss					
Exchange differences on translation of financial statements	24,858,661	18,679,844	<u> </u>	-	
Other comprehensive income for the year-net of tax	24,858,661	18,679,844		-	
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	(3,084,664,043)	2,188,008,903	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014	
Total comprehensive income attributable to:					
Owners of the Company	(3,097,948,894)	2,181,481,587	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014	
Non-controlling interests	13,284,851	6,527,316		-	
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year	(3,084,664,043)	2,188,008,903	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014	

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity

						Unit: Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements						
		Retained e	arnings (deficit)				
				Equity			
Issued and				attributable to	Non-		
paid-up	Share discount on	Legal	Unappropriated	owners of	controlling	Total shareholders'	
share capital	ordinary shares	reserve	(deficit)	the Company	interests	equity	
11,113,018,280	(9,500,000,000)	-	(19,672,502,752)	(18,059,484,472)	464,624,509	(17,594,859,963)	
-	-	-	2,181,481,587	2,181,481,587	6,527,316	2,188,008,903	
331,440,039	(314,868,037)	-		16,572,002	-	16,572,002	
			<u> </u>	-	(29,400,000)	(29,400,000)	
11,444,458,319	(9,814,868,037)		(17,491,021,165)	(15,861,430,883)	441,751,825	(15,419,679,058)	
11,444,458,319	(9,814,868,037)	-	(17,491,021,165)	(15,861,430,883)	441,751,825	(15,419,679,058)	
-	-	-	(3,097,948,894)	(3,097,948,894)	13,284,851	(3,084,664,043)	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(39,200,000)	(39,200,000)	
11,444,458,319	(9,814,868,037)		(20,588,970,059)	(18,959,379,777)	415,836,676	(18,543,543,101)	
s	paid-up share capital 11,113,018,280 - 331,440,039 - - 11,444,458,319 - - - -	paid-up         Share discount on ordinary shares           11,113,018,280         (9,500,000,000)           -         -           331,440,039         (314,868,037)           -         -           11,444,458,319         (9,814,868,037)           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -           -         -	Retained e           Issued and         paid-up         Share discount on         Legal           ass         share capital         ordinary shares         reserve           11,113,018,280         (9,500,000,000)         -           -         -         -           331,440,039         (314,868,037)         -           -         -         -           11,444,458,319         (9,814,868,037)         -           -         -         -           -         -         -	Retained earnings (deficit)           Issued and         Paid-up         Share discount on ordinary shares         Legal         Unappropriated           iss         share capital         ordinary shares         reserve         (deficit)         19,672,502,752)         11,113,018,280         (9,500,000,000)         -         2,181,481,587         2,181,481,587         2,181,481,587         331,440,039         (314,868,037)         -	Retained earnings (deficit)           Issued and         Equity           paid-up         Share discount on         Legal         Unappropriated         owners of           share capital         ordinary shares         reserve         (deficit)         the Company           11,113,018,280         (9,500,000,000)         -         (19,672,502,752)         (18,059,484,472)           -         -         -         2,181,481,587         2,181,481,587           331,440,039         (314,868,037)         -         16,572,002           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -         -           -         -         -         -         -           11,444,458,319         (9,814,868,037)         -         (17,491,021,165)	Retained earnings (deficit)           Issued and         Equity           paid-up         Share discount on         Legal         Unappropriated         owners of         controlling           interests         ordinary shares         reserve         (deficit)         the Company         interests           11,113,018,280         (9,500,000,000)         -         (19,672,502,752)         (18,059,484,472)         464,624,509           -         -         -         2,181,481,587         2,181,481,587         6,527,316           331,440,039         (314,868,037)         -         -         -         (29,400,000)           -         -         -         -         (29,400,000)         -         (29,400,000)           11,444,458,319         (9,814,868,037)         -         (17,491,021,165)         (15,861,430,883)         441,751,825           -         -         -         -         (3,097,948,894)         (3,097,948,894)         13,284,851           -         -         -         -         -         (39,200,000)	

Statements of changes in shareholders' equity

						Unit: Baht			
			Separate financial statements						
				Retained ear	rnings (deficit)				
		Issued and							
		paid-up	Share discount on	Legal	Unappropriated	Total shareholders'			
	Notes	share capital	ordinary shares	reserve	(deficit)	equity			
Balance as at 1 January 2023		11,113,018,280	(9,500,000,000)	-	(20,452,490,169)	(18,839,471,889)			
Additional shares	27	331,440,039	(314,868,037)		-	16,572,002			
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year					2,306,366,014	2,306,366,014			
Balance as at 31 December 2023		11,444,458,319	(9,814,868,037)		(18,146,124,155)	(16,516,533,873)			
Balance as at 1 January 2024		11,444,458,319	(9,814,868,037)	-	(18,146,124,155)	(16,516,533,873)			
Total comprehensive income (expense) for the year					(3,073,551,828)	(3,073,551,828)			
Balance as at 31 December 2024		11,444,458,319	(9,814,868,037)		(21,219,675,983)	(19,590,085,701)			

Statements of cash flows

				Unit: Baht
	Consolidated finar	ncial statements	Separate financi	al statements
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit (loss) for the year	(3,109,522,704)	2,169,329,059	(3,073,551,828)	2,306,366,014
Adjustments for				
Depreciation and amortization	856,397,548	880,026,230	757,945,043	658,594,220
(Reversal of) impairment loss for accounts receivable	(105,985,128)	(57,094,873)	(107,898,271)	(57,094,873)
(Reversal of) impairment loss for diminution in value of inventories	1,881,241	(301,800,812)	1,881,241	(301,800,815)
Unrealized (gain) loss on exchange rate	157,841,423	15,045,577	173,820,807	(10,998,150)
(Gain) loss on forward contracts	(14,564,686)	(3,126,389)	(15,441,972)	(2,089,299)
Write-off equipment	50,152,466	58,462,759	46,714,044	31,563,615
Employee benefit obligations	46,537,479	47,886,174	37,854,017	38,858,121
Write-off withholding tax	3,086,072	16,863,582	3,086,072	16,863,582
Provision for decommissioning costs	54,053,879	9,870,984	-	-
(Reversal of) loss on onerous contracts	26,510,332	(16,618,114)	26,510,332	(16,618,114)
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	10,040,024	29,473	(1,228,958)	-
(Reversal of) Impairment loss on land, buildings, and equipment	(27,383,383)		(23,696,121)	
Share of (profit) loss of joint ventures accounted for				
using the equity method (net of tax)	(159,653,248)	43,604,597	-	-
(Gain) loss on exchange rate from rehabilitation liabilities, net	(233,394,814)	(44,263,269)	(233,394,814)	(44,263,269)
(Gain) on remeasurement of financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	-	(4,302,924,579)	-	(4,302,924,579)
Finance costs	2,250,462,357	1,963,560,120	2,245,540,681	1,958,718,451
Finance income	(4,594,997)	(32,565,807)	(47,582,759)	(44,087,061)
Dividend income		-	(40,800,000)	(30,600,000)
Income tax	4,650,164	6,728,799	(591,679)	470,794
Cash flows before changes in operating assets and liabilities	(193,485,975)	453,013,511	(250,834,165)	200,958,637
Changes in operating assets and liabilities				
Changes in operating assets (increase) decrease				
Trade and other current receivables	276,069,932	174,484,950	245,333,128	197,527,836
Current contract assets	(8,037,394)	6,731,542	-	-
Inventories	1,486,291,451	443,126,177	1,492,906,851	445,969,373
Other current assets	(4,011,829)	60,573,795	4,916,311	23,915,710
Other non-current assets	348,441	(6,854)	352,223	561,816
Changes in operating liabilities increase (decrease)				
Trade and other current payables	(626,245,019)	997,859,038	(621,167,342)	944,356,419
Current contract liabilities	161,135,768	(70,266,579)	140,258,579	(77,056,651)
Cash generated from (used in) operating activities	1,092,065,375	2,065,515,580	1,011,765,585	1,736,233,140
Cash payment for employee benefit obligations	(31,168,120)	(32,086,690)	(21,832,282)	(24,560,328)
Income tax paid	(35,684,350)	(29,749,824)	(7,171,263)	(3,086,072)
Income tax received		36,543,834		1,300,303
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,025,212,905	2,040,222,900	982,762,040	1,709,887,043

Statements of cash flows (Cont'd)

For the year ended 31 December 2024

	Concolidated firm	acial statomente	Sonarata finanzi	Unit: Baht	
	Consolidated finar	2023	Separate financi	2023	
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash receipts from finance income	4,956,407	3,485,216	4,638,849	4,247,033	
Decrease (increase) in restricted deposits with financial institutions	43,780,624	7,397,739	44,628,145	7,515,712	
Cash payment for short-term loans to related parties	-	-	(8,989,000)	(20,816,300)	
Cash receipts from short-term loans to related parties	-	-	26,388,470	8,199,600	
Cash receipts from long-term loans to related parties	-	-	20,816,300	12,932,421	
Cash payments for purchase of property, plant and equipment	(354,255,716)	(628,577,103)	(329,009,586)	(403,427,304	
Cash receipts from sales of property, plant and equipment	13,090,661	-	1,228,972	-	
Cash payment for purchase of intangible assets	(3,143,328)	(2,234,503)	(3,012,612)	(2,017,502)	
Dividend received from subsidiaries	<u> </u>		40,800,000	30,600,000	
Net cash used in investing activities	(295,571,352)	(619,928,651)	(202,510,462)	(362,766,340)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Cash payments for finance cost	(138,886,425)	(141,582,581)	(134,422,790)	(139,165,938)	
Cash payments for short-term loans from financial institutions	(6,000,000)	(39,568,897)	-	-	
Cash payments for long-term loans from financial institutions	(4,056,936)	(8,114,327)	-	-	
Cash receipts from short-term loans from related parties	6,849,391,396	8,080,625,677	6,680,188,410	8,080,625,677	
Cash payments for short-term loans from related parties	(7,257,790,956)	(8,669,905,703)	(7,123,790,956)	(8,669,905,703)	
Cash payments for rehabilitation liabilities	(134,168,656)	(741,069,163)	(134,168,656)	(741,069,163	
Cash payments for lease liabilities	(61,487,454)	(30,959,017)	(32,344,800)	(25,754,609)	
Dividend paid to non-controlling interests of subsidiaries	(39,200,000)	(29,400,000)		-	
Net cash used in financing activities	(792,199,031)	(1,579,974,011)	(744,538,792)	(1,495,269,736	
			35,712,786	(148,149,033	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(62,557,478)	(159.679.762)		(,,,	
	(62,557,478) 114,268,746	(159,679,762)	-	-	
Translation differences	(62,557,478) <u>114,268,746</u> <b>51,711,268</b>	(159,679,762) 	35,712,786	- (148,149,033	
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Translation differences <b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b> Cash and cash equivalents as at 1 January	114,268,746	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	- ( <b>148,149,033</b> ) 432,451,791	

# Significant non-cash transactions

Additional shares for debt to equity conversion	-	16,572,002	-	16,572,002

Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited and subsidiaries Notes to financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

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Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited and subsidiaries Notes to financial statements For the year ended 31 December 2024

# 1. General information

Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited ("the Company") was listed on the Stock Exchange of Thailand in September 1994 and is incorporated in Thailand. The address of the Company's registered office is at 28/1 Prapawit Building, 2nd-3rd Floor, Surasak Road, Kwang Silom, Khet Bangrak, Bangkok. The Company and it subsidiaries are referred to as "the Group"

The major shareholders comprise Krung Thai Bank Public Company Limited held at 39.32%, Siam Commercial Bank Public Company Limited at 39.05% and Tisco Public Company Limited at 7.65%.

The principal businesses of the Company are manufacturing and distributing of hot rolled coils.

# 2. Material uncertainty relating to going concern

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group has a net loss of Baht 3,109.52 million and has operating loss of Baht 3,342.91 million after deducting non-operating profit of Baht 2,33.39 million (2023: a net profit of Baht 2,169.33 million but has operating loss of Baht 2,177.86 million after deducting non-operating profit of Baht 4,347.19 million). As at 31 December 2024, the Group has current liabilities exceed current assets of Baht 1,237.66 million (2023: current assets exceed current liabilities of Baht 41.46 million), deficit of Baht 20,588.97 million (2023: Baht 17,491.02 million) and negative shareholders' equity of Baht 18,543.54 million (2023: Baht 15,419.68 million).

The separate financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company has a net loss of Baht 3,073.55 million and has operating loss of Baht 3,306.94 million after deducting non-operating profit of Baht 2,306.37 million but has operating loss of Baht 2,040.82 million after deducting non-operating profit of Baht 4,347.19 million). As at 31 December 2024, the Company has current liabilities exceed current assets of Baht 1,244.21 million (2023: current assets exceed current liabilities of Baht 32.11 million), deficit of Baht 21,219.68 million (2023: Baht 18,146.12 million) and negative shareholders' equity of Baht 19,590.09 million (2023: Baht 16,516.53 million).

On 12 January 2024, the Government Gazette was published that the Central Bankruptcy ordered to cancel the rehabilitation plan on 13 December 2023. Therefore, the Board of Directors of the Company and shareholders have returned entire legal rights since the date of the Central Bankruptcy Court's order the cancellation of the rehabilitation plan of the Company.

Therefore, the Plan No. 3 shall remain in force with the Company and binds all creditors and all parties shall continue to comply with the terms and conditions until the debts are fully settled to the creditors in accordance with the rehabilitation plan (Note 24.2).

#### Debt repayment under rehabilitation plan

Group 1 to Group 5 and Group 12 creditors will receive the outstanding principal and interest debts in accordance with the rules and procedures as specified in the plan (Note 24.3).

The Company acted as a plan administrator operates under the condition as stipulated in the plan including the meeting attendance with the creditors committee to monitor the results and compliance with the conditions in the plan together with evaluate the successful of the plan on a monthly basis.

#### **Business plan**

The Company and secured bank creditor concluded that the Company should invite other two business partnerships, who are a global producer and a global steel wholesaler to initiate long term business plan together. Then entered into the Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) to support the Company on multiple perspectives such as material sourcing, working capital for business operation, production technology and industrial management.

The Group and the Company are under process to follow business operations plan and financial strategy to ensure that the Group and the Company has adequate liquidity and the ability to meet liabilities payment on due date and continuously operate business. However, the liquidity factors for Group and the Company may be dependent on the success of execution management's plans, the ability to rehabilitate according to all conditions as specified in the rehabilitation plan including negotiation to extend the debt repayment period in the future, the ability to seek additional sources of funds for business operation, revised the business plan to support the future operating performance and repayment loan at the maturity dates including the continuing support of the provider of the bank facilities. These circumstances involve multiple uncertainties, which may have the potential interaction of material uncertainties and their possible cumulative effect on the financial statements. Those circumstances indicate that material uncertainties exist that may cast significant doubt on the Group's and Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Although there are several material uncertainties, the management considers that from the current conditions and situation including the Company is able to repay the debt as the rehabilitation plan and there is no indication from the banks that they will invoke rights arising under various loan contract violations. The management therefore believes that using the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements is still appropriate.

# 3. Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards (TFRS); including interpretations and guidelines promulgated by the Federation of Accounting Professions (FAP) and the financial reporting requirements issued under the Securities and Exchange Act.

The consolidated and separate financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except financial assets and liabilities measured with fair value and derivatives as explained in relevant accounting policies.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with TFRS requires management to use certain critical accounting estimates and to exercise its judgement in applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas that are more likely to be materiality adjusted due to changes in assumptions and estimates are disclosed in Note 6.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

# 4. New and amended financial reporting standards

# 4.1 New financial reporting standards that are effective for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2024

During the year, the Group has adopted a number of revised financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for the financial statements for the period beginning on or after 1 January 2024. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

# 4.2 Financial reporting standards that are effective for accounting period beginning on or after 1 January 2025

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards and interpretations, which are effective for the financial statements for the fiscal year beginning on or after 1 January 2025. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and, for some standards, providing temporary reliefs or temporary exemptions for users.

The management of the Company is currently evaluating the impact of these standards to the financial statements in the year when they are adopted.

# 5. Material accounting policies

The material accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

# 5.1 Principles of consolidation and equity accounting

# 5.1.1 Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date on which control is transferred to the Group until the date that control ceases.

In the separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for using the cost method.

#### 5.1.2 Joint ventures

A joint venture is a joint arrangement in which the Group has joint control whereby the Group has rights to the net assets of the arrangement rather than rights to its assets and obligations for its liabilities to the arrangement.

In the consolidated financial statements, interests in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting. In the separate financial statements, investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the cost method.

#### 5.1.3 Equity Method

The investment is initially recognized at cost which is consideration paid and directly attributable costs.

The Group's subsequent shares of its joint ventures' profits or losses and other comprehensive income are presented in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income, respectively. The subsequent cumulative movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment.

When the Group's share of losses in joint ventures equals or exceeds its interest in joint ventures, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on their behalf of joint ventures.

# 5.1.4 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains on transactions are eliminated. Unrealized gains on transactions between the Group and its joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the Group's interest in joint ventures. Unrealized losses are also eliminated in the same manner as unrealized gains unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

# 5.3 Foreign currency translation

#### 5.3.1 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which each entity operates, or the functional currency. The financial statements are presented in Thai Baht, which is the Group's and Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### 5.3.2 Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the profit or loss.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. Conversely, when a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

# 5.3.3 Group companies

The operational results and financial position of the Group's entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a different functional currency from the Group's presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- Assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at the date of the statement of financial position.
- Income and expenses for each statement of income and statement of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates.
- All resulting exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

# 5.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from acquisition date.

#### 5.5 Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. They are generally due for settlement within 5 - 90 days and therefore are all classified as current transactions.

Trade receivables are recognized initially at the amount of consideration that is unconditional unless they contain significant financing components, when they are recognised at its present value. The Group holds the trade receivables with the objective to collect the contractual cash flows and therefore measures them subsequently at amortised cost.

Trade receivables are measured at the transaction value less loss allowances.

The impairment of trade receivables is disclosed in Note 5.8.5.

# 5.6 Contract assets/contract liabilities

The Group recognizes contract assets where it fulfilled their performance obligation before the customer paid consideration or before the payment is due.

The Group recognizes contract liabilities when the customer paid consideration or the payment is due before the Group fulfilled a contractual performance obligation.

For each customer contract, contract liabilities are set off against contract assets.

The contract assets are measured at the consideration value that the Group expects to receive less loss allowances.

The impairment of contract assets has been disclosed in Note 5.8.5.

#### 5.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cost is determined by the weighted average method, except for cost of finished goods which is determined by the specific identification method. The cost of inventories comprises costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises raw materials, direct labor costs, other direct costs, overhead costs and related production overheads based on normal production capacity, but it excludes borrowing costs. Net realizable value is the estimate of the selling price in the ordinary course of business less the costs of completion and selling expenses. The Group recognizes allowance for obsolete, slow-moving or defective of inventories based on the estimated age of each type of product.

#### 5.8 Financial assets

# 5.8.1 Classification

The Group classifies its debt instrument financial assets in the following measurement categories depending on (a) business model for managing the asset and (b) the cash flow characteristics of the asset whether they represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding (SPPI). The Group classify debt investment as subsequently measured at amortized cost or fair value through profit or loss.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

For investments in equity instruments, the Group has an election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at fair value through profit or loss (FVPL) include equity instruments held for trading are measured at FVPL.

#### 5.8.2 Recognition and derecognition

The Group shall recognise a financial asset in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are derecognized when and only when the rights to receive cash flows from them have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of their ownership.

#### 5.8.3 Initial measurement

The Group initially recognized a financial asset, in the case of a financial asset not at FVPL, at its fair value plus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial asset carried at FVPL are expensed in profit or loss.

#### 5.8.4 Subsequent measurement

- (a) Debt instruments
  - Amortised cost Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is using the effective interest rate method and presented in interest income. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognized directly in profit or loss and presented in gain (loss) arising from derecognition of financial assets measured at amortized cost. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in gain (loss) on exchange rate. Impairment losses are presented as a separate line item in the statement of income.
  - FVPL Financial assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost are measured at FVPL.
     A gain or loss on a debt instrument that is subsequently measured at FVPL is recognized in profit or loss and presented net within gain (loss) on measurement of financial instruments in the period in which it arises.

#### (b) Equity instruments

The Group measures all equity investments at fair value. Dividends from such equity investments continue to be recognized in profit or loss as dividend income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVPL are recognized in gain (loss) on remeasuring of financial instruments in the statement of income.

Impairment losses and reversal of impairment losses on equity investments are reported together with changes in fair value.

#### 5.8.5 Impairment

The Group applies simplified approach in measuring the impairment of trade receivables and contract assets, which applies lifetime expected credit loss, from initial recognition for all trade receivables and contract assets.

To measure the expected credit losses, the managements grouped trade receivables and contract assets based on shared credit risk characteristics and the days past due. The contract assets relate to unbilled work in progress and have substantially the same risk characteristics as the trade receivables for the same types of contracts. The managements have therefore concluded that the expected loss rates for trade receivables are a reasonable approximation of the loss rates for the contract assets. The expected credit loss rates are based on payment profiles, historical credit losses as well as forward-looking information and factors that may affect the ability of the customers to settle the outstanding balances.

The Group applies general approach in measuring the impairment of other financial assets carried at amortised cost. Under the general approach, the 12-month or the lifetime expected credit loss is applied depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk and recognize impairment loss since the initial recognition.

At every end of reporting period, the Group assess the credit risk on those financial assets whether there has increased significantly since initial recognition. To make that assessment, the Group compare the risk of a default as at the reporting date with the risk of a default as at the date of initial recognition.

Impairment (and reversal of impairment) losses are recognized in profit or loss as a separate line item.

The Group write-off trade and other current receivables and contract assets where there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include, amongst others, the failure of a debtor to engage in a repayment plan with the group or amortizing repayment, and a failure to make contractual payments or cannot be contacted.

# 5.9 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment loss. Property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost including expenditures directly attributable to the items' acquisition.

Subsequent costs are included in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of the replaced parts is derecognized. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss when incurred.

software which is used to control equipment and is ineffective without this software is recorded as equipment.

Spare parts are used for factory equipment. Additions are recorded as spare parts and are recognized as expense when used. When new items are issued to replace the spare part, the replacement cost of spare parts are recognized as expense when issued.

Land and assets under construction and installation are not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their costs to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Land improvement	5 and 20 years
Buildings and building improvement	5, 20 and 25 years
Machinery, tools and equipment	5 – 30 years
	and the unit of production
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Gains or losses on disposal of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in gains or (losses) in the statement of income.

#### 5.10 Leases

#### Where the Group is the lessee

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Group recognizes a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. Assets and liabilities arising from a lease are initially measured on a present value basis. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payment that are based on an index or a rate, amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees, the exercise price of a purchase option if the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise that option, and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate. In addition, variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses in the year in which the event or condition related to the payment occurs.

Lease payments to be made under reasonably certain extension options are also included in the measurement of the liability.

The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If that rate cannot be determined, the lessee's incremental borrowing rate is used, referring to the government bond yield adjusted with risk premium depending on the lease term.

The ROU asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the amount of the initial measurement of lease liability, any lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received, initial direct costs, and restoration costs.

The right-of-use asset is depreciated by reference to their costs over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease term on the straight-line basis.

Land	3	years
Buildings	3 and 5	years
Vehicles	1 - 5	years

Payments associated with short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less at the commencement date.

#### 5.11 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss.

Intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method according to asset's useful life, which is follows;

Computer software	1 - 10	years
Engineering licenses	5	years

Amortization are recognized as expenses in the statement of income. The amortization period and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

#### 5.12 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that are subject to amortization are reviewed for impairment whenever there is an indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

Where the reasons for previously recognized impairments no longer exist, the impairment losses on the assets concerned other than goodwill is reversed.

# 5.13 Borrowing costs

General and specific borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets (assets that take a long time to get ready for its intended use or sale) are added to the cost of those assets less investment income on the temporary investment of those borrowing. The capitalisation of borrowing costs is ceased when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use or sale are complete.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

# 5.14 Financial liabilities

# 5.14.1 Classification

Financial instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or equity securities by considering contractual obligations.

- Where the Group has an unconditional contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another entity, it is considered a financial liability unless there is a predetermined or possible settlement for a fixed amount of cash in exchange of a fixed number of the Group's own equity instruments.
- Where the Group has no contractual obligation or has an unconditional right to avoid delivering cash or another financial asset in settlement of the obligation, it is considered an equity instrument.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer the liability settlement for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

# 5.14.2 Recognition

The Group shall recognise a financial liability in its statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

# 5.14.3 Initial measurement

The Group initially recognized a financial liability, in the case of a financial liability not at FVTPL, at its fair value minus transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial liability.

#### 5.14.4 Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method and are finance costs in the profit or loss except financial liabilities are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 5.14.5 Derecognition and modification of contractual terms

Financial liabilities (or a part of a financial liability) are derecognized from the statement of financial position when, and only when, the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expired.

Where the terms of a financial liability are renegotiated or modified, the Group assesses whether the renegotiation or modification results in the derecognition of that financial liability. Therefore, the terms of an existing financial liability or a part of it (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) are substantially different if the discounted present value of the cash flows under the new terms, including any fees paid net of any fees received and discounted using the original effective interest rate, is at least 10 percent different from the discounted present value of the remaining cash flows of the original financial liability.

Where the modification results in an extinguishment, the Group recognized the new financial liability based on the fair value of its obligation at the revised effective interest rate. The remaining carrying amount of financial liability is derecognized. The difference as well as proceeds paid is recognized as gain (loss) on remeasurement of financial liabilities measured at amortized cost in profit or loss.

Where the modification does not result in the derecognition, the Group recalculates the carrying amount of the financial liability as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows discounted at its original effective interest rate. The difference is recognized in gain (loss) arising from derecognition of financial liabilities measured at amortized cost in profit or loss.

#### 5.15 Derivatives do not qualify for hedge accounting

The Group uses derivative contracts to manage exposure to foreign exchange rate fluctuations which derivatives do not qualify for hedge accounting. The Group recognized the initially cost of derivative contacts using fair value at the contact date. The related transaction cost is recognized in profit or loss when incurred. Derivative contracts are subsequently measured at fair value at the end of the period. Changes in the fair value is recognized in profit or loss and presented in gain (loss) on exchange rate.

Fair value of derivatives is classified as a current or non-current following its remaining maturity.

#### 5.16 Current and deferred income taxes

The tax expense for the year comprises current tax and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax is the expected tax payable or income tax benefit on the taxable profit for the period, using income tax rate enacted at the end of the reporting period, and any adjustment to income tax payable in respect of previous years. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate based on amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

#### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is recognized on temporary differences arising from differences between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. However, the deferred income tax is not recognized for temporary differences arising from:

- initial asset or liability recognition in a transaction that is not a business combination that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss
- investments in subsidiaries and joint arrangements where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax is measured using tax rates of the period in which the temporary difference is expected to be reversed that is deferred tax assets are utilised or deferred tax liabilities are settled, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at every end of reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on either the same taxable entity or different tax entities which intend either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

# 5.17 Employee benefits

#### 5.17.1 Short-term employee benefits

The Group recognized salaries, wages, bonuses and social security contributions as expenses when incurred.

#### 5.17.2 Post-employment benefits

The Group has recognized both defined contribution and defined benefit plans as follows:

#### (a) Defined contribution plan

The Group operates a provident fund that is funded by payments from employees and from the Group which are managed by trustee. The Group contributes to the provident fund which are charged to the profit or loss in the period in which they are due.

# (b) Employment retirement benefits

Employees are entitled to receive benefits reaching normal retirement age under the labour law. Retirement benefits depend on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

The liability recognized in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit retirement plans is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Remeasurement of gains and losses arising from experienced adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. They are included in retained earnings in the statements of changes in equity.

Past-service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

# 5.17.3 Other employee benefits

The Group's other long-term benefits are benefits based on employees' length of service. The Group calculates the amount of these benefits according to the employees' service period.

These obligations are measured based on the same accounting practice used for the employee retirement benefits except that remeasurement gains and losses are charged to profit or loss.

# 5.17.4 Termination benefits

The Group recognises termination benefits at the earlier of (a) when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits; and (b) when the entity recognises costs for the related restructuring. Benefits more than 12 months due are discounted to their present value.

# 5.18 Provisions

# 5.18.1 General provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events. It is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognized as finance cost

# 5.18.2 Onerous contracts

A provision for onerous contracts is recognized when the expected benefits to be derived by the Group from a contract are lower than the unavoidable cost of meeting the Group's obligations under the contract. The provision is measured at the present value of the lower of the expected cost of terminating the contract and the expected net cost of continuing with the contract. Before a provision is established, the Group recognises any impairment loss on the assets associated with that contract.

#### 5.18.3 Provision for decommissioning costs

The Group recognises provision for decommissioning costs, which are provided at the onset of completion of the project, for the estimate of the eventual costs that relate to the removal of the port. The recognized provision for decommissioning costs is calculated based on many assumptions such as abandonment time, interest rate. The Group recognises provision for decommissioning costs using discounted present value on estimated by the management's judgement which is included as part of the port and amortised based on the straight-line basis. The Group recognises an increase that reflects the passage of time from the unwinding discount in each period, as a finance cost in profit or loss.

#### 5.19 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 5.20 Revenue recognition

The Group recognized revenue when the transfer of goods or services to customers in an amount reflects the consideration that it expects to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services. The Group considers in determining the timing of the transfer of control for revenue recognition at a point in time or over time as the nature of revenues as follows:

#### Sale of goods

The Group recognizes revenue from sales of goods at a certain point in time when the products is delivered to customers at the delivery point. The transfer of products takes place when the Group delivers products to its destination as specified according to the contracts. Revenue represents the revenue earned from the sale of Group's products with realizable value net of value-added tax, return and discounts. No significant element of financing is deemed present as the sales are made with a credit term of 5 to 90 days, which is consistent with market practice.

#### Revenue from construction contracts or construction-type service contracts or service contracts

Revenue from construction contracts or construction-type service contracts or service contracts where a defined output is promised. The Group satisfies a performance obligation and transfers control of the promised goods or services to the customer and is recognized revenue over time using an input method for measuring progress, determined as the percentage of cost incurred up until the end of the period relative to total expected cost in satisfying the performance obligation. Where the Group is not be able to reasonably measure the outcome of a performance obligation, revenue is only recognized up to the amount of contract costs expensed, provided it is recoverable. The related costs are recognized as an expense in profit or loss when incurred.

Revenue from construction services has a contract modification which is a change in the scope and/or price such as a change order, a variation or an amendment. If the remaining goods or services are not distinct, the Group is account for the contract modification as if it were a part of the existing contract. The effect of the contract modification and measurement of progress towards complete satisfaction of the performance obligation is recognized as increase in or a reduction of revenue at the date of the contract modification.

Claims, liquidated damages and contractual penalties are accounted for as variable consideration. The Group is not reallocated those transaction price after contract inception and recognized as a reduction of revenue, in the period in which the transaction price changes only to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur in the future.

Revenue from tolling services is recognized as revenue when the service is rendered.

Other revenues earned by the Group are recognized on the following basis:

Commission income	: when the service is rendered at a net amount as commission
Dividend income	: when the Group's right to receive payments is established
Finance income	: on an accrual basis, using the effective interest method

#### 5.21 Subsidiaries dividend distribution

Dividend distributed to the Group's shareholders is recognized as a liability when interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, and when the annual dividends are approved by the shareholders.

### 6. Critical accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

6.1 Useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment

The Group estimates the useful lives and residual value of property, plant and equipment based on their economic benefit and usage. However, the actual useful lives may be shorter or longer than the estimates which depends on the use and related technology of the assets.

6.2 Impairment of property, plant and equipment

The recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment's cash-generating units (CGUs) is considered from value-in-use calculation. The calculation includes an estimated cash flow of each CGU which requires estimations and judgements for the forecasted income and expenses

## 6.3 Determination of lease terms

Critical judgement in determining the lease term, the Group considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise an extension option, or not exercise a termination option. Extension options (or periods after termination options) are only included in the lease term if the lease is reasonably certain to be extended (or not terminated).

6.4 Determination of discount rate applied to leases

The Group determines the incremental borrowing rate from a similar term and a similar security.

6.5 Defined employees benefit obligation

The present value of the employee benefit obligations depends on a number of assumptions. Key assumptions used and impacts from possible changes in key assumptions are disclosed in Note 25.

#### 6.6 Revenue from construction contracts

The Group uses judgement in the consideration of performance obligation on the contracts with customers, a contract modification, measuring progress, based on all information available, relevant facts and circumstances, past experience and the terms of the contract including information engineering or the work of expert (if any).

Significant assumptions are required to revenue from contract modification and estimate the total contract costs that will affect for measuring its progress towards satisfaction of the performance obligation. So, actual costs or revenues may be higher or lower than estimates at the end of each reporting date

#### 7. Financial assets and financial liabilities

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group classified all financial assets and liabilities at amortised cost except

- Derivative assets and liabilities not using hedge accounting are classified at FVPL
- Investment in non-marketable securities held not more than 20% are classified at FVPL

### Financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities at amortised cost approximate their fair values.

## 8. Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the enterprise, key management personnel, including directors and officers of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship and not merely the legal form.

## Relationship of related parties are as follow:

Name of entities	Country of	Relationships	Nature of relationships
	incorporation		
Prachuap Port Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Direct subsidiary	Direct shareholders and common directors
West Coast Engineering Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Direct subsidiary	Direct shareholders and common directors
Helium Miracle 303 Limited	England	Indirect subsidiary	Indirect shareholders and common director
Helium Miracle 301 Limited	England	Indirect subsidiary	Indirect shareholders and common director
Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited	England	Indirect subsidiary	Indirect shareholders and common directors
Thai Cold Rolled Steel Sheet Public Company Limited	Thailand	Joint venture	Direct shareholders and common directors
Krung Thai Bank Public Company Limited	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
The Siam Commercial Bank Public Company Limited	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Tisco Financial Group Public Company Limited	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Sahaviriya Group Corporation Limited	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Thai Coated Steel Sheet Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Bangsaphan Barmill Public Company Limited	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
B.S. Metal Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Direct and indirect shareholders
Sahaviriya Plate Mill Public Company Limited	Thailand	Related company	Common directors
Prapawit Building Property Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Sahaviriya Panich Corporation Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Direct and indirect shareholders
Line Transport Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Bangpakong Lighyer Co.,Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Indirect shareholders
Bangpakong Port Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Sahaviriya Steel Corporation Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Thai Steel Sales Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Prachuap Pattana Development Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
SVL Corporation Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Vanomet Holding AG	Switzerland	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Vanomet AG	Switzerland	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Bangpakong Shape Steel Co., Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Common shareholders and directors
Bangsapan Sampun Co. Ltd.	Thailand	Related company	Direct shareholders

# The pricing policies for particular types of transactions are explained further below:

	Pricing policies with subsidiary	
Transactions	companies and joint venture	Pricing policies with related companies
Sale of goods	Third party pricing used, dependent on volume and relevant market considerations.	Third party pricing used, dependent on volume and relevant market considerations.
Rendering of port services	Port services rendered are charged based on Ministry of Transportation-determined rates, dependent on service volume and relevant market considerations.	Port services rendered are charged based on Ministry of Transportation-determined rates, dependent on service volume and relevant market considerations.
Rendering of other services	Charges for rendering of services and maintenance-related services are based on agreements and common credit term.	Charges for rendering of services and maintenance-related services are based on agreements and common credit term.
Dividend income	Right to receive dividends	Right to receive dividends.
Other income	Sales of scrap material are priced based on scrap weight and the prices set by the Company. Revenue from providing management staff to subsidiaries and joint venture are based on agreements.	Sales of scrap material are priced based on scrap weight and the prices set by the Company. Revenue from providing management staff to related parties are based on agreements.
Purchase of goods	Purchases of goods for production are based on third party prices under terms and conditions normally applicable to similar transactions. Certain purchases of steel slab between the company and subsidiaries are based on the agreed price formula. Purchases of rolls are changed on agreed prices.	Purchases of raw material for production are based on market price.
Receiving of other services	Maintenance-related services are charged based on long-term maintenance service agreements. The term of the agreement can be modified according to business circumstances.	Transportation charges are based on agreements, dependent on cargo weight and distance. Warehouse rental is charged based on rental agreements. Cut sheet services are charged based on agreements.
Receiving of port services	Port services rendered are charged based on Ministry of Transportation-determined rates, dependent on service volume and relevant market considerations.	
Distribution costs and administrative expense	Port services rendered are charged based on Ministry of Transportation-determined rates, dependent on service volume and relevant market considerations.	Domestic transportation services are charged based on agreements, dependent on cargo weight and distance. Warehouse rental is charged based on rental agreements. Cut sheet services are charged based on agreements.
		· ·
Loans	The contractual interest rate	The contractual interest rate

# Significant transactions with related parties are summarized as follows:

## 8.1 Revenues and other income

			Unit: TI	nousand Baht
	Consolidated		Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial st	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Sales of goods				
Joint venture	107,082	188,993	106,739	188,993
Related parties	3,037,312	2,146,306	3,037,312	2,146,299
Total	3,144,394	2,335,299	3,144,051	2,335,292
Revenue from rendering of services				
Joint venture	132,206	23,223	-	-
Related parties	19,213	210,888	-	-
Total	151,419	234,111	-	-
Dividend income				
Subsidiaries	-	-	40,800	30,600
Total	-	-	40,800	30,600
Finance income				
Related parties	46,121	14,728	46,068	58,373
Total	46,121	14,728	46,068	58,373
Other income				
Subsidiaries	-	-	1,426	8,658
Joint venture	12,226	8,966	12,226	8,966
Related parties	15,878	-	9,370	11,272
Total	28,104	8,966	23,022	28,896
	-, -	-,	- / -	-,

# 8.2 Expenses

	Unit: Thousa			ousand Baht
	Consolidated		Separ	ate
	financial sta	tements	financial sta	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Deriver of the deriver transformed				
Purchases of goods and services			005 007	000 044
Subsidiaries	-	-	305,207	368,844
Related parties	845,740	743,409	838,983	718,420
	845,740	743,409	1,144,190	1,087,264
Distribution costs and administrative				
expenses				
Subsidiaries	-	-	7,511	8,432
Joint venture	909	453	794	349
Related parties	44,439	68,356	38,008	60,188
	45,348	68,809	46,313	68,969
Finance costs				
Related parties	76,893	82,350	74,583	80,556
	76,893	82,350	74,583	80,556
Directors and key management				
remuneration				
Directors remuneration	3,599	6,087	-	2,486
Key management remuneration				
Short-term benefits	143,374	109,992	118,220	107,448
Post-employment benefits	1,757	1,931	640	885
Other long-term benefits	45	52	34	41
Total Key management remuneration	145,176	111,975	118,894	108,374
Total Directors and key management				
remuneration	148,775	118,062	118,894	110,860

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# 8.3 Outstanding balances with related parties were as follows:

			Unit: T	housand Baht
	Consoli	idated	Sepa	ate
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash and cash equivalents				
Related parties	384,449	344,053	318,668	283,018
Total	384,449	344,053	318,668	283,018
Trade receivables – not include loss				
allowance				
Joint venture	18,914	26,795	-	-
Related parties	3,038,905	3,129,600	3,028,348	3,122,014
Total	3,057,819	3,156,395	3,028,348	3,122,014
Other receivables – not include loss				
allowance				
Subsidiaries	-	-	7,215	13,935
Joint venture	168	271	168	271
Related parties	5,841,061	5,863,402	5,840,264	5,849,150
Total	5,841,229	5,863,673	5,847,647	5,863,356
Current contract assets				
Joint venture	3,466	14,144	-	-
Related parties		200	-	-
Total	3,466	14,344	-	-
Restricted deposits with financial				
institutions				
Related parties	8,180	52,808	8,071	52,699
Total	8,180	52,808	8,071	52,699
Right-of-use				
Related parties	58,963	90,270	45,386	84,942

			Unit: Thousand Baht		
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Trade account payable					
Subsidiaries	-	-	23,842	30,204	
Related parties	90,602	68,386	90,603	68,483	
Total	90,602	68,386	114,445	98,687	
Other payables					
Subsidiaries	-	-	9,885	41,647	
Joint venture	1,216	8	1,203	-	
Related parties	10,224	37,276	7,971	33,348	
Total	11,440	37,284	19,059	74,995	
Current contract liabilities					
Joint venture	26,292	13,139	24,840	5,913	
Related parties	21,200	7,658	21,011	5,931	
Total	47,492	20,797	45,851	11,844	

#### 8.4 Short-term loans to related parties

	Unit: Thous					
	Consolidated		Separate			
	financial statements		financial statements financial s		financial sta	itements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	17,367		
Total	-	-	-	17,367		

The movements of short-term loans to related parties during the year are shown below:

			Unit:	Thousand Baht
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate	
			financial sta	tements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-	17,367	24,736
Additions	-	-	8,989	-
Repayments	-	-	(26,388)	(8,200)
Net gains (losses) on exchange rate		-	32	831
Closing balance		-	-	17,367

In 2022, the Board of directors' meeting of Prachuap Port Co., Ltd. (Subsidiary) passed the resolution to provide financial support by providing short-term loans to Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited with limit amount of GBP 0.70 million, an interest rate of MLR+1% per annum. Interest is payable on a monthly basis and the supporting period has been extended continuously. At the Board of Directors' meeting no. 11/2024 held on 20 November 2024, the lasted extension of the period to end on 31 December 2024 which has collateral as a right to transfer the receiving of invoice payment or the lease payment.

#### 8.5 Long-term loans to related parties

	Unit: Thous			
	Consoli	Consolidated		e
	financial statements financial stater		ancial statements financial statements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Subsidiaries				
Current portion	-	-	-	20,406
Non-current portion		-	606,519	579,772
Total		-	606,519	600,178

The movements of long-term loans to related parties during the year are shown below:

			Unit: T	housand Baht
	Consol	idated	Separate	
	financial st	atements	financial stat	ements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Opening balance	-	-	600,178	510,233
Additions	-	-	43,305	76,004
Repayments	-	-	(20,816)	(13,075)
Net gains (losses) on exchange rate		-	(16,148)	27,016
Closing balance		-	606,519	600,178

On 24 November 2020, the Company entered into a secured loan agreement with Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited with limit amount of GBP 0.74 million at an interest rate of MLR+1% per annum which has collateral as a right to transfer the receiving of or the lease payment. On 24 June 2023, the Company had received in full amount.

On 7 July 2022, the Company entered into a loan agreement with Helium Miracle 303 Limited ("HM303"), an indirect subsidiary, with the amount of GBP 12.06 million or equivalent to Baht 516.06 million at the interest rate of MLR+1% per annum which will be matured on 6 July 2027 to purchase the shares of Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited ("RBT") from Sahawiriya Steel Industries UK Limited ("SSI UK" under liquidation process) with total number of 26,502,716 shares, with 100% shareholding. The agreement of purchase provided that HM303 entered into a pledge entire shares agreement with "NatWest Market PLC" which the collateral agent of SSI UK's creditor banking group.

On 20 July 2023, the Company entered into a secured loan agreement with Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited with limit amount of GBP 0.60 million at an interest rate of MLR+1% per annum and the maturity date is 31 December 2024 which has collateral as a right to transfer the receiving of invoice payment and the lease payment. On 30 December 2024, the Company had received in full amount.

#### 8.6 Short-term loans from related parties

			Unit: 1	housand Baht
	Consolidated		Separate financial statements	
	financial sta			
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Related parties	522,242	930,641	487,039	930,641
Total	522,242	930,641	487,039	930,641

The movements of short-term loans from related parties during the year are shown below:

			Unit:	Thousand Baht
	Consoli	dated	Sepa	rate
	financial sta	atements	financial st	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Opening balance	930,641	1,519,921	930,641	1,519,921
Additions	6,849,391	8,080,626	6,680,188	8,080,626
Repayments	(7,257,790)	(8,669,906)	(7,123,790)	(8,669,906)
Total	522,242	930,641	487,039	930,641

On 25 January 2022, the Company entered into a foreign loan agreement with Krungthai Bank Public Company Limited with a limit of USD 25 million or equivalent to Baht 850 million at the interest rate of MLR+1%per annum and the repayment period is scheduled within 90-120 days for working capital for sourcing raw materials from overseas and re-export to overseas which had collateral as finished goods and raw materials in form of steel and savings accounts.

On 11 March 2022, the Company entered into a foreign loan agreement with Siam Commercial Bank Public Company Limited with a limit of USD 25 million or equivalent to Baht 795 million at the interest rate of MLR+1%per annum and the repayment period is scheduled within 90-120 days for working capital for sourcing raw materials from overseas and re-export to overseas which had collateral as finished goods and raw materials in form of steel and savings accounts.

As at 31 December 2024, West Coast Engineering Co., Ltd., a subsidiary, has short-term loans from financial institution with a limit of Baht 90 million (2023: Baht 96 million) at interest rate MLR-0.75% per annum and the interest is payable on monthly basis and had unused credit facilities totalling Baht 58 million (2023: Baht 96 million).

## 8.7 Rehabilitation liabilities from related parties

			Unit:	Thousand Baht	
	Consolidated		Consolidated Separat		rate
	financial statements		financial st	atements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	
Related parties	27,291,479	25,771,058	27,291,479	25,771,058	
Total	27,291,479	25,771,058	27,291,479	25,771,058	

The movements of rehabilitation liabilities from related parties during the year are shown below:

			Unit: T	housand Baht
	Consol	idated	Separa	ate
	financial st	atements	financial sta	tements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Subsidiaries				
Opening balance	-	-	-	7,991
Debt-to-equity conversion		-	-	(7,991)
Closing balance	-	-	-	-

	Consolidated		
	and separate financial staten		
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	
Related parties			
Opening balance	25,771,058	29,017,018	
Interest expenses using the effective interest rate	1,926,754	1,726,704	
Repayments	(172,938)	(744,693)	
(Gains) on remeasurement of financial liabilities			
measured at amortised cost	-	(4,183,708)	
Net (gains) losses on exchange rate	(233,395)	(44,263)	
Closing balance	27,291,479	25,771,058	

# 9. Cash and cash equivalents

			Unit: T	housand Baht
	Consoli	dated	Separa	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	tements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cash on hand	763	711	700	630
Cash at banks	442,144	392,014	319,316	283,673
Total	442,907	392,725	320,016	284,303

## 10. Trade and other current receivables

_			Unit:	Thousand Baht
	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
-	financial st	atements	financial sta	atements
As at 31 December				
-	2024	2023	2024	2023
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 8.3)	3,057,819	3,156,395	3,028,348	3,122,014
Trade receivables - other companies	392,320	395,216	330,614	310,400
Total	3,450,139	3,551,611	3,358,962	3,432,414
Less Loss allowance - related parties	(3,019,711)	(3,111,395)	(3,019,711)	(3,111,395)
Less Loss allowance - other companies	(290,639)	(291,982)	(288,165)	(290,929)
Total	(3,310,350)	(3,403,377)	(3,307,876)	(3,402,324)
Trade receivables - Net	139,789	148,234	51,086	30,090
Advance payments - related parties (Note 8.3)	3,334,880	3,346,498	3,334,880	3,346,498
Advance payments - other companies	104,528	234,266	93,784	233,270
Other current receivables - related parties (Note 8.3)	2,506,349	2,517,175	2,512,767	2,516,858
Other current receivables - other companies	20,512	5,260	18,769	14,457
Prepaid expenses	19,290	25,334	18,438	16,649
Revenue Department receivable	653	28,124	3	23,151
Less Loss allowance - related parties	(5,799,853)	(5,813,310)	(5,799,853)	(5,813,310)
Less Loss allowance - other companies	(60,746)	(60,738)	(60,746)	(60,738)
Other current receivables - Net	125,613	282,609	118,042	276,835
Trade and other current receivables - Net	265,402	430,843	169,128	306,925

Trade receivables can be analyzed by aging as follows:

			Unit:	Thousand Baht
	Consolidated		Sepa	rate
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Related parties				
Not yet due	25,096	18,162	4,723	3,403
Less than 3 months	7,502	26,838	3,914	7,216
Over 12 months	3,025,221	3,111,395	3,019,711	3,111,395
Total	3,057,819	3,156,395	3,028,348	3,122,014
Less Loss allowance losses	(3,019,711)	(3,111,395)	(3,019,711)	(3,111,395)
Total	38,108	45,000	8,637	10,619
Other companies				
Not yet due	97,090	69,354	42,449	6,388
Less than 3 months	4,591	27,265	-	13,083
3 - 6 months	1,913	1,437	-	-
6 - 12 months	-	2,875	-	-
Over 12 months	288,726	294,285	288,165	290,929
Total	392,320	395,216	330,614	310,400
Less Loss allowance	(290,639)	(291,982)	(288,165)	(290,929)
Total	101,681	103,234	42,449	19,471
Net	139,789	148,234	51,086	30,090

The loss allowance for trade receivables can be reconciled as follows:

			Unit: <sup>-</sup>	Thousand Baht
	Consolidated		Sepa	rate
	financial statements		financial st	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Opening balance	(3,403,377)	(3,505,962)	(3,402,324)	(3,504,951)
Add Loss allowance	(2,127)	(3,632)	-	(3,376)
Less Reversal of loss allowance	95,154	106,217	94,448	106,003
Closing balance	(3,310,350)	(3,403,376)	(3,307,876)	(3,402,324)

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company has two related party receivables which the remaining balance is past due for over 12 months of Baht 3,019.71 million and Baht 3,111.40 million respectively and recognized a loss allowance in full amount. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company received the debt repayment of Baht 91.68 million and reversal of impairment loss by the same amount. The Company must comply with the repayment and outstanding debt conditions in accordance with the rehabilitation plan (Note 24.5).

## 11. Current contract assets / Current contract liabilities

### 11.1 Contract balances

			Unit: Thou	usand Baht
	Consolidated		Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial st	atements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current contract asset				
Unbilled revenue				
Related parties (Note 8.3)	3,466	14,344	-	-
Other companies	73,515	70,425	-	-
Retention receivable	2,569	2,818	-	-
Total Current contract assets	79,550	87,587	-	-
Current contract liabilities				
Related parties (Note 8.3)				
Advanced received from service income	1,641	8,953	-	-
Amount received advance for goods	45,851	11,844	45,851	11,844
Total	47,492	20,797	45,851	11,844
Other companies				
Advanced received from service income	53,603	23,946	2,220	753
Amount received advance for goods	648,670	543,886	648,670	543,886
Total	702,273	567,832	650,890	544,639
Total current contract liabilities	749,765	588,629	696,741	556,483

### 11.2 Revenues recognized in relation to contract balances

Revenue recognized that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the year is shown below:

			Unit: Thou	usand Baht
	Consolio	dated	Separ	ate
	financial sta	itements	financial st	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Advanced received from service income	30,796	40,533	753	15,705
Amount received advance for goods	554,902	617,081	554,902	617,081

## 11.3 Revenues to be recognized for the remaining performance obligations

As at 31 December 2024, the Group and Company expects that sale of goods for unsatisfied performance obligation of contracts with customers of Baht 694.52 million and Baht 694.52 million respectively (2023: Baht 555.73 million and Baht 555.73 million respectively) will be recognized as revenue during the next reporting period. The Group and Company expects that service revenues for unsatisfied performance obligation of contracts with customers of Baht 454.4 million and Baht 35.84 million respectively (2023: Baht 164.43 million and Baht 10.43 million respectively) will be recognized as revenue within 3 years and 3 years respectively (2023: 3 years 3 years respectively).

## 12. Inventories

			Unit: <sup>-</sup>	Thousand Baht
	Consolidated		Separ	rate
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Finished goods	1,719,178	2,237,651	1,722,492	2,243,844
Work in progress	47,738	35,838	29,798	25,185
Raw materials	250,390	1,064,092	243,536	1,059,477
Spare parts and factory supplies	814,445	829,293	802,990	812,049
Inventories under collateral management				
agreement and delivery of ownership				
of goods and services	1,967,283	3,148,192	1,967,283	3,148,192
Goods in transit	1,626,560	623,178	1,626,560	623,178
Total	6,425,594	7,938,244	6,392,659	7,911,925
Less Allowance for net realizable value	(519,226)	(543,704)	(519,226)	(543,704)
Net	5,906,368	7,394,540	5,873,433	7,368,221

As at 31 December 2024, the Group has pledged finished goods and some raw materials to secure credit short-term loans from related parties (Note 8.6) with the amount of Baht 539.98 million. (2023: Baht 998.07 million)

#### Inventory under collateral management agreement

The Company entered into the collateral management agreements with company which are incorporated in Japan. Under the terms of the agreements, the Company has to pay a partial deposit and the remainder when withdrawing inventory from the representative company. The Company retains all or a significant portion of the risks and rewards relating to the collateralized inventory. Inventory is stored in the warehouse facilities for which that counter party appoints a representative to act as the collateral manager. These transactions are treated as inventory under collateral management agreements and trade payable under collateral management agreements within the statement of financial position.

### 13. Other non-current financial assets

	Unit: Thousand Bah Consolidated and separate financial statements		
As at 31 December	2024	2023	
Equity instruments of non-listed company	294,000	294,000	
Less Loss allowance for measurement of investment	(294,000)	(294,000)	
Total		-	

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company has investment in common shares of Thai Coated Steel Sheet Company Limited which engaged in business of manufacturing and distribution of electro galvanized steel sheet in the proportion of investment at 3.70%.

## 14. Investments in subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

					Proporti	on of			Se	eparate financ	cial statemen	ts
					shar	es						
					held by	non-						
			Owner	ship	contro	lling					Dividend	l income
			propo	rtion	interests Registered s		Registered s	hare capital Cost - net		- net	during the year	
			2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
		Country of							Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousand
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	%	%	%	%			Baht	Baht	Baht	Baht
Subsidiaries are held by company												
Prachuap Port Co., Ltd.	Deep-sea port and	Thailand	51.00	51.00	49.00	49.00	Baht 400 million	Baht 400 million	204,000	204,000	40,800	30,600
	marine shipping											
	services											
West Coast Engineering Co., Ltd.	Maintenance services	Thailand	99.99	99.99	0.01	0.01	Baht 120 million	Baht 120 million	120,000	120,000	-	-
West Coast Engineering Co., Ltd's												
subsidiaries												
Helium Miracle 303 Limited	Investment business	England	100.00	100.00	-	-	GBP 1	GBP 1	-	-	-	-
Helium Miracle 303 Limited's												
subsidiaries												
Helium Miracle 301 Limited	Non-operating	England	100.00	100.00	-	-	GBP 1	GBP 1	-	-	-	-
Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited	Port to handle	England	100.00	100.00	-	-	GBP 12 million	GBP 12 million	-	-	-	-
	products for marine											
	transportation											
Total									324,000	324,000	40,800	30,600

All subsidiaries undertakings are included in the consolidation. The proportion of the voting rights in the subsidiary undertakings held directly by the Group do not differ from the proportion of ordinary shares held

## Liquidation and deconsolidation financial statements of SSI UK

In 2015, Sahaviriya Steel Industries UK Limited ("SSI UK") was liquidation which result that the Company has no a power to control the business or operation of SSI UK Limited anymore. With this cause, the Group eliminated assets and liabilities of SSI UK from the consolidated financial statements and recognized investment in SSI UK and allowance for impairment loss on investment with the amount of Baht 27,481.79 million. As at 31 December 2024, SSI UK has liquidated.

#### Non-controlling interests

Set out below is summarised financial information for each subsidiary that has non-controlling interests that is material to the Group. The information below is the amount before intercompany eliminations.

	Unit: Thousand Baht				
	Prachuap Por	t Co., Ltd.			
As at 31 December	2024	2023			
Current assets	140,884	147,889			
Non-current assets	858,329	990,039			
Current liabilities	(22,208)	(21,843)			
Non-current liabilities	(45,566)	(40,152)			
Net assets	931,439	1,075,933			
Non-controlling interest	456,405	527,207			
Revenue	223,506	206,159			
Profit (loss) for the year	25,506	13,074			
Total comprehensive income	25,506	13,074			
Profit attributable to non-controlling interest	13,285	6,527			
Dividends paid to related parties	80,000	60,000			
Net cash generated from operating activities	93,771	92,362			
Net cash used in investing activities	(5,696)	(37,251)			
Net cash used in financing activities	(85,645)	(63,978)			
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	2,430	(8,867)			

## 15. Investments in joint venture

					Consolidated financial		Separate financial	
					statements		statements	
			Ownership		Carrying amounts based			
			proportion on equity method		Cost less impairment			
			2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Nature of	Country of			Thousand	Thousand	Thousand	Thousan
Company's name	business	incorporation	%	%	Baht	Baht	Baht	d Baht
Thai Cold Rolled Steel	Production							
Sheet Public Company	and distribution							
Limited	of cold coils	Thailand	35.19	35.19	2,644,018	2,510,279	2,628,782	2,628,782
Total					2,644,018	2,510,279	2,628,782	2,628,782

Details of investments in joint venture as at 31 December 2024 and 2023 were as follows:

The movements of investments in joint venture during the year are as follows:

			Unit: Thousand Bah		
	Consolidated financial		Separate f	inancial	
	statemen	its	statements		
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Opening balance	2,510,279	2,576,757	2,628,782	2,628,782	
Share of loss, net	133,739	(66,478)	-	-	
Closing balance	2,644,018	2,510,279	2,628,782	2,628,782	

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company has pledged 150,176,007 common shares of Thai Cold Rolled Steel Sheet Public Company Limited with Marubeni-Itochu Steel Incorporation for the trade credit facility.

## Summarised financial information for joint ventures

Set out below are the summarised financial information for the joint ventures that are material to the Group. The information disclosed reflects the amounts presented in the financial statements of the relevant joint ventures (not the Group's shares of those amounts). They have been amended to reflect adjustments made using the equity method, including fair value adjustments and modifications for differences in the accounting policies of the Group and its joint ventures.

## Summarized statement of financial position

	Unit: Thousand Baht					
As at 31 December	2024	2023				
Current assets	2,832,184	3,053,538				
Non-current assets	2,924,281	3,046,725				
Current liabilities	(546,737)	(1,183,013)				
Non-current liabilities	(201,949)	(166,965)				
Net assets	5,007,779	4,750,285				

#### Summarized statement of comprehensive income

	Unit:	Unit: Thousand Baht		
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023		
Revenue	13,359,425	16,205,233		
Profit (loss) from continuing operations	295,383	(110,672)		
Other comprehensive income (expense)	(33,677)	-		
Total other comprehensive income (expense)	261,706	(110,672)		

# Contingent liabilities and commitments in respect of joint venture:

The Group has contingent liabilities and commitments relating to its joint venture

As at 31 December	2024	2023
Capital expenditure	Baht 17.38 million	Baht 36.14 million
	USD 0.25 million	USD 0.28 million
	JPY 262.73 million	JPY 168.07 million
Raw materials and chemical purchases	Baht 7.81 million	Baht 4.26 million
	USD 9.82 million	USD 9.43 million
Other contracts	Baht 40.19 million	Baht 31.88 million
	JPY 10.56 million	JPY 10.56 million
Guarantee	Baht 12.14 million	Baht 12.14 million

# 16. Property, plant and equipment

				Consolidated financ	ial statements			
		Buildings and	Machinery, tools	Furniture, fixtures		Assets under		
	Land and land	building	and factory	and office		construction and		
	improvement	improvement	equipment	equipment	Vehicles	installation	Spare parts	Total
Cost								
As at 1 January 2023	2,942,949	2,628,256	20,522,965	281,734	97,312	763,884	-	27,237,100
Additions	8,111	21,501	85,555	17,427	8,833	332,405	-	473,832
Transfers in (out)	2,090,291	24,143	(1,984,509)	5,104	-	(135,029)	-	-
Transfers to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	(1,425)	-	(1,425)
Transfers to cost of inventory	-	-	-	-	-	(178,260)	-	(178,260)
Disposals / write-offs	(1,839)	(3,797)	(103,735)	(31,875)	(5,670)	(19,673)	-	(166,589)
Translation differences	73,590	17,631	36,871	20	-	2,111	-	130,223
As at 31 December 2023	5,113,102	2,687,734	18,557,147	272,410	100,475	764,013	-	27,494,881
Additions	3,586	6,494	72,572	11,137	480	134,575	145,704	374,548
Reclassification	88,697	14,138	40,628	7,126	532	(512,498)	643,172	281,795
Transfers in (out)	4,195	36,274	115,510	7,926	-	(163,905)	-	-
Transfers from right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	3,899	-	-	3,899
Transfers to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	(2,055)	-	(2,055)
Transfers to cost of inventory	-	-	-	-	-	(50,854)	(192,282)	(243,136)
Disposals / write-offs	-	(7,164)	(269,464)	(15,007)	(10,577)	(6,444)	(52,558)	(361,214)
Translation differences	(29,857)	(8,780)	(15,347)	(10)	-	(1,051)	(3,016)	(58,061)
As at 31 December 2024	5,179,723	2,728,696	18,501,046	283,582	94,809	161,781	541,020	27,490,657

	Consolidated financial statements								
		Buildings and	Machinery, tools	Furniture,		Assets under			
	Land and land	building	and factory	fixtures and		construction and			
	improvement	improvement	equipment	office equipment	Vehicles	installation	Spare parts	Total	
Accumulated depreciation									
As at 1 January 2023	414,214	2,138,914	12,089,767	221,075	87,652	-	-	14,951,622	
Depreciation for the year	81,950	101,705	359,398	23,265	4,454	-	-	570,772	
Transfers in (out)	1,590,829	-	(1,590,829)	-	-	-	-	-	
Disposals / write-offs	(1,839)	(3,046)	(88,206)	(31,664)	(4,827)	-	-	(129,582)	
Translation differences		8,090	33,962	3	-	-		42,055	
As at 31 December 2023	2,085,154	2,245,663	10,804,092	212,679	87,279	-	-	15,434,867	
Reclassification	(65,658)	26,339	150,880	7,034	266	-	-	118,861	
Depreciation for the year	70,912	92,505	438,594	21,361	4,177	-	-	627,549	
Transfers from right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	3,899	-	-	3,899	
Disposals / write-offs	-	(6,595)	(226,816)	(14,909)	(10,577)	-	-	(258,897)	
Translation differences		(4,363)	(14,500)	(5)	-	-	-	(18,868)	
As at 31 December 2024	2,090,408	2,353,549	11,152,250	226,160	85,044		-	15,907,411	

	Consolidated financial statements							
		Buildings and	Machinery, tools	Office furniture,		Assets under		
	Land and land	building	and factory	fixtures and		construction and		
	improvement	improvement	equipment	equipment	Vehicles	installation	Spare parts	Total
Accumulated impairment								
As at 1 January 2023	386,449	16,088	86,566	-	-	19,000	-	508,103
Unchanged		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2023	386,449	16,088	86,566	-	-	19,000	-	508,103
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,223	2,223
Reclassification	56,714	-	2,448	-	-	-	69,531	128,693
Impairment reversal	-	-	(23,696)	-	-	-	(5,911)	(29,607)
Disposals / write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	(33,373)	(33,373)
Translation differences	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
As at 31 December 2024	443,163	16,088	65,318	-	-	19,000	32,471	576,040
Net book value								
As at 31 December 2023	2,641,499	425,983	7,666,489	59,731	13,196	745,013	-	11,551,911
As at 31 December 2024	2,646,152	359,059	7,283,478	57,422	9,765	142,781	508,549	11,007,206

	Separate financial statements								
		Buildings and	Machinery, tools	Furniture, fixtures		Assets under			
	Land and land	building	and factory	and office		construction and			
	improvement	improvement	equipment	equipment	Vehicles	installation	Spare parts	Total	
Cost									
As at 1 January 2023	1,103,832	2,122,240	17,310,997	233,985	70,902	720,883	-	21,562,839	
Additions	5,681	13,995	70,802	11,568	8,776	299,324	-	410,146	
Transfers in (out)	14,971	24,143	90,811	5,104	-	(135,029)	-	-	
Transfers to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	(1,425)	-	(1,425)	
Transfers to cost of inventory	-	-	-	-	-	(178,260)	-	(178,260)	
Disposals / write-offs	(1,580)	-	(29,011)	(20,768)	(32)	(19,673)	-	(71,064)	
As at 31 December 2023	1,122,904	2,160,378	17,443,599	229,889	79,646	685,820	-	21,722,236	
Additions	1,410	-	64,278	8,345	474	105,010	144,833	324,350	
Reclassification	13,006	-	-	-	-	(521,417)	521,417	13,006	
Transfers in (out)	2,995	36,274	102,579	7,869	-	(149,717)	-	-	
Transfers from right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	3,899	-	-	3,899	
Transfers to intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	(2,055)	-	(2,055)	
Transfers to cost of inventory	-	-	-	-	-	(50,854)	(178,783)	(229,637)	
Disposals / write-offs		(613)	(81,104)	(14,317)	(10,577)	(6,445)	-	(113,056)	
As at 31 December 2024	1,140,315	2,196,039	17,529,352	231,786	73,442	60,342	487,467	21,718,743	

				Separate financ	ial statements			
		Buildings and	Machinery, tools	Furniture,		Assets under		
	Land and land	building	and factory	fixtures and		construction and		
	improvement	improvement	equipment	office equipment	Vehicles	installation	Spare parts	Total
Accumulated depreciation								
As at 1 January 2023	254,162	1,862,368	9,667,570	180,230	63,257	-	-	12,027,587
Depreciation for the year	21,840	78,800	323,290	20,089	3,962	-	-	447,981
Write-offs	(1,580)	-	(16,908)	(20,576)	(32)	-	-	(39,096)
As at 31 December 2023	274,422	1,941,168	9,973,952	179,743	67,187	-	-	12,436,472
Depreciation for the year	24,034	67,336	379,983	17,862	3,900	-	-	493,115
Transferred from right-of-use assets	-	-	-	-	3,899	-	-	3,899
Write-offs		(613)	(40,933)	(14,218)	(10,577)	-	-	(66,341)
As at 31 December 2024	298,456	2,007,891	10,313,002	183,387	64,409	-	-	12,867,145
Accumulated impairment								
As at 1 January 2023	110,137	13,422	86,566	-	-	-	-	210,125
Unchanged	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2023	110,137	13,422	86,566	-	-	-	-	210,125
Reclassification	13,006	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,006
Impairment reversal		-	(23,696)	-	-	-	-	(23,696)
As at 31 December 2024	123,143	13,422	62,870	-	-		-	199,435
Net book value								
As at 31 December 2023	738,345	205,788	7,383,081	50,146	12,459	685,820	-	9,075,639
As at 31 December 2024	718,716	174,726	7,153,480	48,399	9,033	60,342	487,467	8,652,163

Depreciation is presented in the statement of income as follows:

	Unit: Thousand			ousand Baht
	Consolidated financial		financial Separate financia	
	statements		stateme	ents
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Cost of sales	604,234	545,777	473,425	427,152
Distribution costs	66	92	-	-
Administrative expenses	23,249	24,903	19,690	20,829
Total depreciation expenses	627,549	570,772	493,115	447,981

As at 31 December 2024, property, plant and equipment of the Group and the Company with the amount of Baht 7,928.72 million and Baht 7,707.42 million respectively (2023: Baht 8,214.23 million and Baht 7,987.23 million, respectively) were mortgaged as collateral for bank overdrafts, short-term borrowings (Note 20) and long-term borrowings from financial institutions (Note 23), and letter of guarantee for electricity, port and goods warehouse (Note 32.4).

#### 16.1 Damage from fire incident

On 12 April 2024, there was a fire occurred the motor control for finishing mill. From this incident, machinery and inventories were partially damaged. However, the Company had fire insurance that covered all damaged machinery and inventories. The Company partially received the compensation from the insurance company.

The reimbursement and expenses relating to the fire were recognised in the Group's income statement as follows:

	Unit: Thousand Baht
	Consolidated and separate
	financial statements
For the year ended 31 December	2567
Insurance compensation from an insurance company	30,000
Loss on damaged spare parts	(10,353)
Loss on impairment of machinery	(48,712)
Net loss from fire incident	(29,065)

# 17. Right-of-use assets / Lease liabilities

# 17.1 Right-of-use assets

_			Unit: Th	ousand Baht
	Cor	nsolidated finan	cial statements	6
_	Land	Building	Vehicles	Total
Cost				
As at 1 January 2024	10,670	126,578	41,847	179,095
Additions	8,582	16,292	8,962	33,836
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	-	-	(3,899)	(3,899)
Write-offs	(10,670)	(51,405)	(3,192)	(65,267)
As at 31 December 2024	8,582	91,465	43,718	143,765
Accumulated depreciation				
As at 1 January 2024	10,670	35,495	26,219	72,384
Depreciation for the year	2,861	42,605	7,369	52,835
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	-	-	(3,899)	(3,899)
Write-offs	(10,670)	(46,077)	(3,192)	(59,939)
As at 31 December 2024	2,861	32,023	26,497	61,381
Net book value				
As at 31 December 2024	5,721	59,442	17,221	82,384

_			Unit: Th	ousand Baht
_	Separate financial statements			
_	Land	Building	Vehicles	Total
Cost				
As at 1 January 2024	10,670	109,586	15,307	135,563
Additions	8,582	-	4,049	12,631
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	-	-	(3,899)	(3,899)
Write-offs	(10,670)	(35,422)	(3,192)	(49,284)
As at 31 December 2024	8,582	74,164	12,265	95,011
Accumulated depreciation				
As at 1 January 2024	10,670	24,644	10,368	45,682
Depreciation for the year	2,861	27,321	2,567	32,749
Transfers to property, plant and equipment	-	-	(3,899)	(3,899)
Write-offs	(10,670)	(23,190)	(3,192)	(37,052)
As at 31 December 2024	2,861	28,775	5,844	37,480
Net book value				
As at 31 December 2024	5,721	45,389	6,421	57,531

## 17.2 Lease liabilities

			Unit: Tho	usand Baht		
	Consolidated		Consolidated Separate		ate	
	financial statements		financial statements financia		financial sta	atements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Current portion	39,591	37,601	29,015	24,283		
Non-current portion	49,666	78,719	31,181	68,371		
Total	89,257	116,320	60,196	92,654		

The movements of lease liabilities during the year are as follows:

				usand Baht
	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024 2023		2024	2023
Opening balance	116,320	140,932	92,654	118,409
Additions	29,318	11,142	14,183	-
Lease modifications	(10,613)	-	(10,613)	-
Repayments	(41,624)	(35,904)	(32,038)	(25,755)
Adjustments	(3,990)	-	(3,990)	-
Translation differences	(154)	150	-	-
Closing balance	89,257	116,320	60,196	92,654

A maturity analysis of lease liabilities is presented in Note 33.1.3 under the liquidity risk.

The statement of profit or loss related to leases and cash outflows for leases are as follows:

			Unit: Th	ousand Baht
	Consolidated	financial	Separate	
	statements		financial stat	ements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets	52,835	34,532	32,749	28,126
Interest expense on lease liabilities	7,745	7,399	5,637	6,468
Expenses relating to leases of				
low-value assets	279	874	-	-
Total cash outflow for leases	47,219	42,805	37,676	32,223

			Unit: The	ousand Baht
	Co	nsolidated fina	ncial statements	;
			Computer	
			software	
	Engineering	Computer	under	
	licenses	software	installation	Total
Cont				
Cost	0 111	260 712	20 154	200 079
As at 1 January 2023	8,111	269,713	32,154	309,978
Additions	-	804	-	804
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	-	1,425	-	1,425
Write-offs	-	(3,610)	-	(3,610)
As at 31 December 2023	8,111	268,332	32,154	308,597
Additions	-	2,849	-	2,849
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	-	2,055	-	2,055
Write-offs	-	(1,502)	-	(1,502)
As at 31 December 2024	8,111	271,734	32,154	311,999
Accumulated amortization				
	7 400	100 000		106 270
As at 1 January 2023	7,499	188,880	-	196,379
Amortization for the year	612	3,748	-	4,360
Write-offs	-	(3,603)	-	(3,603)
As at 31 December 2023	8,111	189,025	-	197,136
Amortization for the year	-	5,039	-	5,039
Write-offs	-	(1,182)	-	(1,182)
As at 31 December 2024	8,111	192,882	-	200,993
Accumulated impairment				
As at 31 December 2023	-	63,436	32,039	95,475
As at 31 December 2024	-	63,436	32,039	95,475
Net book value				
As at 31 December 2023	-	15,871	115	15,986
As at 31 December 2024	-	15,416	115	15,531

	Separate financial statements				
		Computer			
	Computer	software under			
	software	installation	Total		
Cost					
As at 1 January 2023	259,330	32,154	291,484		
Additions	587	-	587		
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	1,425	-	1,425		
As at 31 December 2023	261,342	32,154	293,496		
Additions	2,781	-	2,781		
Transfers from property, plant and equipment	2,055	-	2,055		
Amortization	(1,502)	-	(1,502)		
As at 31 December 2024	264,676	32,154	296,830		
Accumulated amortization					
As at 1 January 2023	180,679	-	180,679		
Amortization for the year	3,052	-	3,052		
As at 31 December 2023	183,731	-	183,731		
Amortization for the year	4,460	-	4,460		
Amortization	(1,182)	-	(1,182)		
As at 31 December 2024	187,009	-	187,009		
Accumulated impairment					
As at 31 December 2023	63,436	32,039	95,475		
As at 31 December 2024	63,436	32,039	95,475		
Net book value					
As at 31 December 2023	14,175	115	14,290		
As at 31 December 2024	14,231	115	14,346		

Amortization is presented in the statement of income as follows:

			Unit: Thousand Bah		
	Consolidated financial		Separate financial		
	statem	nents	stateme	nts	
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Cost of sales	1,109	1,654	879	736	
Distribution costs	2	6	-	-	
Administrative expenses	3,928	2,700	3,581	2,316	
Total amortization expenses	5,039	4,360	4,460	3,052	

## 19. Deferred income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are detailed as follows:

			Unit: Th	ousand Baht	
	Consolidated		Consolidated Separa		ate
	financial statements		financial sta	itements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Deferred tax assets	17,708	15,672	-	-	
Deferred tax liabilities	(182,015)	(196,292)	(16,053)	(16,645)	
Deferred tax assets (liabilities), net	(164,307)	(180,620)	(16,053)	(16,645)	

			Unit: Tł	nousand Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements				
	Assets Liabilities				
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Total	167,322	161,802	(331,629)	(342,422)	
Offsetting of taxes	(149,614)	(146,130)	149,614	146,130	
Deferred tax assets (liabilities)	17,708	15,672	(182,015)	(196,292)	

Movements of deferred tax assets and liabilities during the year were as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht

		Charged			Charged		
	As at 1 January	(credited) to	Translation	As at 31 December	(credited) to profit	Translation	As at 31 December
	2023	profit or loss	differences	2023	or loss	differences	2024
Deferred tax assets							
Loss allowance for trade receivables	202	8	-	210	284	-	494
Depreciation of property, plant and							
equipment	65,060	(717)	(7,138)	57,205	(8,974)	(1,236)	46,995
Derivative liabilities	477	(273)	15	219	281	(5)	495
Lease liabilities	166	(10)	1,297	1,453	129	-	1,582
Employee benefit obligations	16,408	301	-	16,709	(131)	-	16,578
Loss carried forward	73,522	8,900	3,584	86,006	17,243	(2,071)	101,178
Total	155,835	8,209	(2,242)	161,802	8,832	(3,312)	167,322
Deferred tax liabilities							
Other current receivables	-	(351)	-	(351)	17	-	(334)
Depreciation of property, plant and							
equipment	(328,432)	2,583	(14,907)	(340,756)	3,646	7,423	329,687)
Right-of-use assets	(1,294)	(21)	-	(1,315)	(293)	-	(1,608)
Total	(329,726)	2,211	(14,907)	(342,422)	3,370	7,423	(331,629)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities), net	(173,891)	10,420	(17,149)	(180,620)	12,202	4,111	(164,307)

Consolidated financial statements

	As at 1 January	Charged (credited)	As at 31 December	Charged (credited)	As at 31 December
	2023	to profit or loss	2023	to profit or loss	2024
Deferred tax liabilities					
Depreciation of property, plant and					
equipment	(16,174)	(471)	(16,645)	592	(16,053)
Deferred tax assets (liabilities), net	(16,174)	(471)	(16,645)	592	(16,053)

Separate financial statements

The deductible temporary differences do not expire under current tax legislation. Deferred tax assets have not been recognized these items because it is not certain that future taxable profit will be generated against which the Company can utilize the benefits there from.

## 20. Short-term loans from financial institution

		Unit:	Thousand Baht	
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial st	tatements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Promissory Note	16,500	22,500	-	
Total	16,500	22,500	-	-

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, West Coast Engineering Co., Ltd., a subsidiary, has short-term loans from financial institution which is in form of promissory note in full amount at interest rate MLR-0.75% per annum and the interest is payable on monthly basis. The loan agreement with a financial institution in Thailand totalling Baht 90 million.

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Group had unused credit facilities totalling Baht 95 million which these were unused bank overdraft with the amount of Baht 5 million and were secured by mortgaging land with its construction structured thereon and/or in the future of the subsidiary mortgaging land with its construction and transferring the privileges derived from assets insurance of such subsidiary.

# 21. Trade and other current liabilities

_			Unit:	Thousand Baht	
	Consolic	lated	Separate		
_	financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Trade payables - related companies (Note 8.3)	90,602	68,386	114,445	98,687	
Trade payables - other companies	5,347,036	5,656,138	5,283,731	5,560,388	
Accrued expense	177,737	449,872	148,847	256,548	
Other payables - related companies (Note 8.3)	11,440	37,284	19,059	74,995	
Other payables - other companies	224,566	120,282	24,946	89,947	
Other	61,808	55,167	54,949	33,796	
Total	5,913,189	6,387,129	5,645,977	6,114,361	

## 22. Provisions for onerous contracts

	Un	Unit: Thousand Baht			
	Consolidated				
	and separate finance	cial statements			
As at 31 December	2024	2023			
Opening balance	17,978	34,596			
(Reversal of) loss on onerous contracts	26,510	(16,618)			
Closing balance	44,488	17,978			

# 23. Long-term loans from financial institutions

	Unit: Thousand Baht			
	Consolidated			
	financial sta	atements		
As at 31 December	2024			
Current portion	428	439		
Non-current portion	278	4,449		
Total	706	4,888		

The movements of long-term loans from financial institutions during the year are:

	Unit: Thousand Bah		
	Consolio	dated	
	financial sta	atements	
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	
Opening balance	4,888	13,002	
Additions	23	439	
Repayments	(4,084)	(9,233)	
Translation differences	(121)	680	
Closing balance	706	4,888	

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, Redcar Bulk Terminal Limited, an indirect subsidiary, had long-term loans from financial institutions in full amount at interest rate 2.50% per annum and the interest is payable on monthly basis. The loan agreement with two financial institutions in foreign and unsecured loans.

# 24. Rehabilitation liabilities

# 24.1 Rehabilitation liabilities at amortized cost are shown below:

	Unit: Thousand Ba		
	Consolidated and separate		
	financial state	ements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	
Current portion	716,120	319,348	
Non-current portion	30,185,572	28,840,582	
Total	30,901,692 29,159		
	Unit: Thousand Baht		
	Consolidated and	-	
	financial state	ements	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	
Related parties (Note 8.7)	27,291,479	25,771,058	
Other companies	3,610,213	3,388,872	
Total	30,901,692	29,159,930	

The movements of rehabilitation liabilities from related parties during the year are shown below:

	Unit: Thousand				
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Opening balance	29,159,930	32,463,552	29,159,930	32,471,543	
Interest expenses using the effective					
interest rate	2,169,993	1,870,449	2,169,993	1,870,449	
Repayments	(194,836)	(818,302)	(194,836)	(818,302)	
Debt-to-equity conversion	-	(8,581)	-	(16,572)	
Net (gains) losses on exchange rate	(233,395)	(44,263)	(233,395)	(44,263)	
(Gains) on remeasurement of financial					
liabilities measured at amortised cost	-	(4,302,925)	-	(4,302,925)	
Closing balance	30,901,692	29,159,930	30,901,692	29,159,930	

#### Rehabilitation liabilities are classified by currency as follows:

	Unit: Thousand I		
	Consolidated and separate		
	financial statements		
As at 31 December	2024	2023	
Baht	15,304,800	14,436,259	
USD	15,596,892	14,723,671	
Total	30,901,692	29,159,930	

Rehabilitation liabilities for secured creditors which had collateral as shares (Note 15), land, factory and office buildings and machineries (Note 16).

On 17 June 2024, CIMB Thai Bank Public Company Limited, which is a Class 3 Creditor, entered into a transfer agreement, that agreed to transfer its duties, benefits, claims, obligations and liabilities for all judgments and contracts or collateral documents to Night Club Capital Asset Management Public Company Limited, which is also a Class 3 Creditor.

#### 24.2 Business rehabilitation summary

On 10 March 2016, the Central Bankruptcy Court ordered business rehabilitation and appointed the Company as a Planner which was announced in the Government Gazette on 26 April 2016.

On 18 October 2023, the Central Bankruptcy Court ordered to approve the rehabilitation plan held on 14 July 2016 as amended by the meeting of creditors on 29 September 2023 ("Plan No. 3"), which designates Sahaviriya Steel Industries Public Company Limited as the Plan Administrator.

On 12 January 2024, the Government Gazette was published that the Central Bankruptcy ordered to cancel the rehabilitation plan on 13 December 2023. Therefore, the Board of Directors of the Company and shareholders have returned entire legal rights since the date of the Central Bankruptcy Court's order the cancellation of the rehabilitation plan of the Company.

As above, Plan No. 3 shall remain in force with the Company and binds all creditors. This rehabilitation plan shall be regarded as a debt restructuring agreement between the Company and all creditors, and all parties shall continue to comply with the terms and conditions of this rehabilitation plan until the debt settlement to creditors under the rehabilitation plan are fully made. Therefore, this plan shall be deemed to be invalid and shall no longer apply to the Company and all creditors.

#### 24.3 Rehabilitation plan (Plan No. 3) had the significant substance as follows:

## 1. Capital Restructuring

#### Registered share capital increase for debt-to-equity conversion No. 2

On 11 August 2023, the Company filed the petition to the Central Bankruptcy Court to increase its registered share capital for debt-to-equity conversion No. 2 as follows: the Company must increase its registered share capital and allocate 331,440,039 new ordinary shares to reserve debt-to-equity conversion to Group 7 and Group 12 creditors and increase its registered share capital and unallocated newly issued ordinary shares and registered the change of paid-up share capital until the right for converting debt to equity under the terms of the plan is exercised to Group 2 to Group 5 creditors for 860,202,313,736 shares, totalling 860,533,753,775 shares with a par value of Baht 1 per share. The registered share capital must be increased to both creditors at the same time. As a result, the registered share capital of the Company is increased from Baht 11,113.02 million to Baht 871,646.77 million in order to reserve the debt-to-equity conversion for all creditors who may entitle the debt-to-equity conversion No. 2 at the debt-to-equity conversion price of Baht 0.05 per share.

When the creditors have notified the exercise of the right debt-to-equity conversion and the Company has allocated newly issued ordinary shares and registered the newly issued capital to Group 2 to Group 5 creditors, the Company shall be deemed that it had converted debt into equity No.2.

On 15 August 2023, the Court ordered the permission the Company to increase 860,533,753,775 shares with a par value of Baht 1 each, as a result, the registered share capital of the Company is increased from Baht 11,113.02 million to Baht 871,646.77 million and the Company has already registered the increase share capital with the Ministry of Commerce on 11 September 2023 (note 27).

On 17 October 2023, the Company made the debt-to-equity conversion No. 2 as stipulated in the Rehabilitation Plan to Group 7 and Group 12 creditors by issuing 331,440,039 new ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 1 per share to four creditors who expressed their intention at a price of Baht 0.05 per share, with the amount of Baht 16.57 million. The Company has submitted an amendment to the Company's Memorandum of Association (note 27).

## 2. Debt settlement by Group of creditors

Each group of creditors will receive the debt settlement by monthly instalments commenced from the following month in which the Court approved the plan as the first month (January 2017) and the outstanding principal and interest debts in accordance with the rules and procedures as specified in the Plan.

In addition, during the debt settlement under the plan, only Group 1 creditors who have the Company's proprietary shares as collateral can choose to accept debt settlement by means of share transferring to settle the entire amount of outstanding principal and interest. The creditor agrees to reduce the interim interest debt and the entire amount of suspended interest immediately on the date on which the shares have been transferred to the creditors.

## 3. Collection from related company debtors

B.S. Metal Co., Ltd. and Sahaviriya Commercial Corporation Co., Ltd. have outstanding debts with the Company and the collection that the Company will call for payment from the two debtors is part of cash flow that will be used to settle debts to creditors under the rehabilitation plan. Therefore, during the implementation of the rehabilitation plan, the Company shall deal with B.S. Sahaviriya Commercial Corporation Co., Ltd. and related companies in accordance with the rules and procedures as specified in the plan and shall proceed with the collection of outstanding debts as specified in the plan.

## 4. Debt settlement from cash flow

## 4.1 Cash flow for debt settlement

Cash flow for debt settlement is generated from (1) cash flow from operations, which is generated from the main activities that generate income and core expenditure of the Company, and includes collection from trade receivables of related companies as defined in the plan, and (2) cash flow from investments is cash flow from the purchase of various assets to be generated income, including machinery and equipment related to the Company's production.

Such cash flow for debt settlement shall be allocated for the payment of outstanding principal and interest matured under the rehabilitation plan in accordance with the rules and procedures as prescribed in the Plan.

## 4.2 Excess cash flow

4.2.1 For excess cash flow calculated in 2020, the Plan Administrator must not use for debt allocation.

- 4.2.2 Excess cash flow calculated in 2021 that has not yet been allocated for debt settlement with the amount of Baht 377.546 million were exempted from debt allocation.
- 4.2.3 For excess cash flows calculated for each period from 2022 onwards, if calculated as a negative number, it set aside as a cumulative negative balance in the next financial year. When the excess cash flow generated in subsequent periods is positive, the positive amount shall be offset against the accumulated negative balance that occurred before it until it can be fully deducted from the accumulated negative balance. Therefore, the remaining excess cash flow will be allocated for further debt settlement.

However, only the excess cash flow generated in the first semi-annual of 2024, if calculated to the amount, the amount of Baht 331.215 million is added in the amounts calculated in this period. Therefore, the excess cash flow generated in the first semi-annual of 2024 will still be calculated in accordance with the criteria in Clause 4.2.3, paragraph one as normally.

<u>Note</u> The amount of Baht 331.215 million adopted is an estimate that the Company will have cash flow but do not take for instalments to the creditors in accordance with the petition for plan amendment held on 10 August 2023.

4.3 Allocation of excess cash flow method

Excess cash flow to be allocated for debt settlement as follows:

- 4.3.1 In 2021, the Company was able to set aside excess cash flow to reserve the Company's operations in full amount but not exceeding Baht 662.00 million. If the amount is exceeded, the excess amount will be allocated in accordance with Clause 4.3.3.
- 4.3.2 From 2022 to 2025, the Company can reserve excess cash flow to support the Company's operations in full amount, but when included with the excess cash flow already reserved under Clause 4.2.1, it must not exceed Baht 1,000.00 million. If the amount is exceeded, the excess amount will be allocated in accordance with Clause 4.3.3.
- 4.3.3 In excess from the allocation in Clauses 4.3.1 and 4.3.2 abovementioned, and from the year 2026 onwards, shall be allocated for debt settlement as specified in the Plan.

#### 24.4. Debt repayment under the rehabilitation plan

For the year 2024, the Company made debt repayment to creditors under the rehabilitation plan for the principal of Baht 134.17 million and interest of Baht 60.67 million, totalling Baht 194.84 million.

For the year 2023, the Company made debt repayment to creditors under the rehabilitation plan for the principal of Baht 757.64 million and interest of Baht 60.66 million, totalling Baht 818.30 million.

Therefore, the plan no. 3 does not determine principal repayment during the period of August 2023 to June 2024. The Company requested to suspend principal repayments for six creditors during the period of October 2024 to March 2025.

In October 2023, Group 7 creditors are entitled to debt settlement by debt-to-equity conversion for 2 creditors, each of whom will receive debt-to-equity conversion in proportion to their debt obligations which had the outstanding principal with the amount of Baht 12.29 million by receiving 245,817,180 ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 1 per share, with the amount of Baht 245.82 million. Therefore, Group 7 creditors have no longer outstanding debts under the rehabilitation plan.

In October 2023, Group 12 creditors are entitled to debt settlement by debt-to-equity conversion of 2 persons, each of whom will receive debt-to-equity conversion in accordance with the debt obligations which had the outstanding principal with the amount of Baht 4.28 million by receiving 85,622,859 ordinary shares with a par value of Baht 1 per share, with the amount of Baht 85.62 million.

#### 24.5. Collection from related company debtors

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the Company has debts of the two debtors of Baht 3,019.71 million and Baht 3,111.40 million respectively. For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Company received the debt payments of Baht 91.68 million (Note 10). The debt collection and the outstanding debt are not conformed to the requirement of the rehabilitation plan. However, the event is not considered a cause of default because the Committee of Creditors has not received notice of such defaulting. Currently, the Company is in the process of collecting such debts and the Company proposes the guidelines for the outstanding debts settlement of both debtors and the solving occurred to both debtors, to the Committee of Creditors for approval. Currently, it is under consideration and approval by the Committee of Creditors.

# 25. Employee benefit obligations

			Unit: Tho	usand Baht
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial statements	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Statements of financial position				
as at 31 December				
Liability in the statements of financial position				
Statutory severance pays	470,816	464,883	394,650	378,194
Other long-term employee benefits	28,406	18,970	21,678	22,113
Total	499,222	483,853	416,328	400,307
For the year ended 31 December				
Profit or loss charge included in the statement				
of income				
Statutory severance pays	31,275	32,504	23,408	24,279
Other long-term employee benefits	15,262	15,382	14,446	14,579
Total	46,537	47,886	37,854	38,858

# **Retirement benefits plans**

The movement in the present value of the provisions for employee benefits during the year were shown in the table below:

	Unit: Thous				
	Consolidation financial		Separate financial		
	stateme	ents	stateme	ents	
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Opening balance	483,853	468,053	400,307	386,009	
Current service cost and interest cost	46,537	47,886	37,854	38,858	
Benefit payments	(31,168)	(32,087)	(21,833)	(24,560)	
Closing balance	499,222	483,852	416,328	400,307	

The Group and the Company expect to pay Baht 53 million and Baht 49 million, respectively, of retirement benefits during the next year (2023: Baht 22 million and Baht 18 million, respectively).

As at 31 December 2024 and 2023, the weighted average durations of the liabilities for retirement benefits for the Group are 10-15 years and 10-15 years (the Company: 13 years and 13 years, respectively).

The principal actuarial assumptions used:

	Consoli	dated	Separ	ate	
	financial sta	atements	financial statements		
	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Discount rate (%)	2.82-3.83	2.82-3.83	3.21	3.21	
Salary growth rate (%)	5.35-7.01	5.35-7.01	7.01	7.01	
Turnover rate (%)	4.00-15.00	4.00-15.00	4.00-10.00	4.00-10.00	

# Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis for each significant assumption used impact on defined benefit obligations as follows:

	Consolidation financial statements											
		Incre	ease	Decr	ease							
		2024	2023	2024	2023							
	% Change	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht							
Discount rate	0.50	(17,906)	(18,196)	22,459	22,855							
Salary growth rate	0.50	23,208	21,290	(18,860)	(17,012)							
Turnover rate	0.50-1.00	(24,281)	(21,929)	29,673	27,130							

		Separate financial statements									
	-	Increas	e	Decr	crease						
	-	2024	2023	2024	2023						
	% Change	Thousand Baht T	housand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht						
Discount rate	0.50	(14,531)	(14,798)	18,874	19,240						
Salary growth rate	0.50	19,325	17,810	(15,190)	(13,719)						
Turnover rate	0.50-1.00	(16,260)	(14,763)	20,588	19,032						

The above sensitivity analyses are based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the retirement benefits obligation to significant actuarial assumptions, the same method has been applied as when calculating the retirement benefits recognized in the statement of financial position.

The methods and types of assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis did not change compared to the previous year.

## 26. Provision for decommissioning costs

The movements of provision for decommissioning costs for the port during the year as follows:

	Unit: Thousand Baht					
	Consolidated financial					
	stateme	nts				
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023				
Opening balance	127,405	117,534				
Finance costs	57,209	3,721				
Translation differences	(3,155)	6,150				
Closing balance	181,459	127,405				

An indirect subsidiary in England has provision for existing decommissioning for the port if the lease is no extension. The port lease will expire in 2033.

### 27. Share capital

	Number of	Issued and paid-up share capital		Discount on	
	registered shares	Number of shares	Ordinary shares	share capital	Total
	Thousand Shares	Thousand Shares	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht	Thousand Baht
As at 1 January 2023	11,113,018	11,113,018	11,113,018	(9,500,000)	1,613,018
Additional shares	860,533,754	331,440	331,440	(314,868)	16,572
As at 31 December 2023	871,646,772	11,444,458	11,444,458	(9,814,868)	1,629,590
Unchanged		-	-	-	-
As at 31 December 2024	871,646,772	11,444,458	11,444,458	(9,814,868)	1,629,590

At the Board of Directors' meeting no. 8/2023 held on 20 July 2023, the Board of Directors, as the planer, approved an increase in authorised share capital from 11,113,018 thousand shares to 871,646,772 thousand shares, with the par value of Baht 1 per share and on 11 September 2023, the Company registered the increase in registered share capital with the Ministry of Commerce and approved debt-to-equity conversion no. 2 for creditors under rehabilitation plan of Baht 860,533,754 thousand to the number of issued and paid-up shares of 331,440 thousand shares, with the par value of Baht 1 per share, discount on share capital of Baht 314,868 thousand. On 17 October 2023, the Company registered the increase in registered share capital with the Ministry of Company registered the increase in registered share share.

Additional shares above were compliance in accordance with the rehabilitation plan as presented in note 24.3.

## 28. Segment information and disaggregation of revenue

Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is the Group's chief operating decision maker who monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. The Group measures segment performance based on a calculation of profit or loss from operation, which is consistent with the statement of income.

The Group has presented segment information to align with the current business activities and has four reportable segments:

- Manufacture of hot rolled coils: operates manufacturing facilities and offices in Thailand
- Maintenance services:
- operates business principally in Thailand
- Deep-sea port services: operates business in Thailand and England
- Investment Business: operates business in England

											Unit:	Thousand Baht
						Consolidated	I financial staten	nents				
		facture lled coils	Maintenan	ce services	Deep-sea po	ort services	Invest	ment	Elimin	ation	Total seg	gment
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Segment assets	18,679,253	20,788,598	405,156	445,279	2,492,583	2,613,386	1,104,205	1,104,205	(2,122,547)	(2,319,451)	20,558,650	22,632,017
Segment liabilities	38,269,338	37,305,132	252,180	282,069	647,837	618,382	-	585,460	(67,162)	(739,347)	39,102,193	38,051,696
External revenue	25,392,894	24,481,387	433,551	414,313	493,873	466,577	-	-	-	-	26,320,318	25,362,277
Inter-segment revenue	-	-	256,577	328,097	47,344	46,215	-	-	(303,921)	(374,312)	-	-
Operating profit (loss)	(1,109,591)	(125,720)	(9,602)	16,535	(33,523)	(29,786)	-	-	(43,169)	(34,063)	(1,195,885)	(173,034)
Finance income											2,293	2,851
Finance costs											(2,250,462)	(1,963,560)
Gains (losses) on exchange rate from rehabilitation liabilities, net											233,395	44,263
Gains on remeasurement of financial liabilities measured at amortized cost											-	4,302,924
Share of profit (loss) of joint ventures accounted for using the equity method										_	104,936	(37,676)
Profit (loss) before income tax											(3,105,723)	2,175,768
Income tax										_	(3,800)	(6,439)
Net profit (loss)										_	(3,109,523)	2,169,329

Unit: Thousand Baht

		Consolidated financial statements and Separate financial statements										
	Manut of hot rol	facture lled coils	Maintenand	e services	Deep-sea por	t services	Investm	nent	Eliminat	ion	Total seg	ment
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenue recognition	25,219,340	24,303,464	52,257	65,486	-	-	-	-	(47,204)	(64,792)	25,224,393	24,304,158
Point in time	173,554	177,923	637,871	676,924	541,217	512,792	-	-	(256,717)	(309,520)	1,095,925	1,058,119
Over time	25,392,894	24,481,387	690,128	742,410	541,217	512,792	-	-	(303,921)	(374,312)	26,320,318	25,362,277

# **Geographic information**

	Unit:	Unit: Thousand Baht			
	Consolidated				
	financial s	tatements			
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023			
Revenue from external customers					
Domestic	25,918,171	24,989,879			
Overseas	402,147	372,398			
Total	26,320,318	25,362,277			

# Major customer

For the year ended 31 December 2024, the Group had revenue from manufacture of hot rolled coils with one major customer of Baht 5,380.29 million which contributed 20.42% of the Group's total revenue (2023: Baht 5,111.74 million 20.88% of the Group's total revenue)

## 29. Expenses by nature

			Unit:	Thousand Baht
	Consoli	idated	Separ	ate
	financial st	atements	financial sta	atements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Changes in inventories of finished goods				
and work in progress	(516,739)	231,304	(516,739)	231,058
Raw materials and consumables used	23,146,092	22,299,723	22,964,568	22,012,684
Employee benefit expenses	1,423,804	1,448,537	921,314	949,690
Fuel oil and electrical expenses	646,939	721,020	586,182	657,446
Depreciation and amortization	856,398	880,026	757,945	658,589
Maintenance expenses	261,296	384,047	216,284	241,459
Transportation expenses	447,267	405,582	447,267	405,582
Professional fee	115,911	98,290	111,794	94,643
Minimum lease payments recognized				
as an operating lease	16,584	13,029	16,584	13,029
(Reversal of) impairment loss for accounts receivable	(105,985)	(57,095)	(107,898)	(57,095)
Advertising and public relation expenses	9,573	10,603	9,168	10,338
(Reversal of) Impairment loss on land, buildings, and				
equipment	(27,383)	-	(23,696)	-
(Reversal of) impairment loss for diminution in value				
of inventories	1,881	301,801	1,881	301,801
(Reversal of) loss on onerous contracts	26,510	(16,618)	26,510	(16,618)
Damage from fire incident	29,065	-	29,065	-

## 30. Income tax

			Unit: Th	ousand Baht
	Consolio	lated	Separa	ate
	financial sta	tements	financial sta	tements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Current income tax				
Current year	(16,002)	(16,859)	-	-
Deferred tax expense				
Origination and reversal of temporary				
differences	12,202	10,420	592	(471)
Total income tax	(3,800)	(6,439)	592	(471)

The tax on the Group's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the basic tax rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

			Unit: 1	housand Baht
	Consolid	ated	Separa	ite
	financial sta	tements	financial stat	tements
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Profit (loss) before tax	(3,105,722)	2,175,768	(2,946,240)	2,306,837
Tax calculated at tax rates of 20%				
(2023: 20%)	621,144	435,154	589,248	461,367
Difference between accounting base and tax base				
of expenses	(624,944)	(441,593)	(588,656)	(461,838)
Tax charge	(3,800)	(6,439)	592	(471)

# 31. Earnings (loss) per share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing the profit (loss) for the year attributable to shareholders of the parent (excluding other comprehensive income/expenses) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

—	Consolid	ated	Separa	ate
	financial stat	tements	financial sta	tements
For the year ended 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023
Profit (Loss) for the year attributable to ordinary				
shareholders of the Company (Thousand Baht)	(3,122,808)	2,162,801	(3,073,552)	2,306,366
Weighted average number of ordinary shares				
(Thousand shares)	11,444,458	11,182,030	11,444,458	11,182,030
Basic earnings (loss) per share (Baht per share)	(0.27)	0.19	(0.27)	0.20

# 32. Commitments and contingent liabilities

# 32.1 Capital commitments

The Group had these capital commitments as at the statement of financial position date which were not recognized as liabilities as follows:

	Consol financial s		Separate financial statements		
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Machinery and equipment	Baht 32.10 million USD 1.75 million	Baht 10.55 million USD 0.27 million	Baht 32.10 million USD 1.75 million	Baht 10.92 million USD 0.27 million	

# 32.2 Other commitments

		olidated statements	Separate financial statements			
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023		
Raw material	Baht 396.48 million	Baht 1,846.48 million	Baht 396.48 million	Baht 1,846.48 million		
spare parts and equipment	Baht 364.53 million	Baht 299.31 million	Baht 345.15 million	Baht 308.02 million		
supply,	USD 2.48 million	USD 0.05 million	USD 2.48 million	USD 0.05 million		
and maintenance services	EUR 1.93 million	EUR 0.01 million	EUR 1.93 million	EUR 0.01 million		
	GBP 0.08 million	GBP 0.07 million	GBP 0.08 million	GBP 0.07 million		
	-	JPY 2.95 million	-	JPY 2.95 million		

# 32.3 Operating lease commitments

The Group leases land under operating lease agreements. The future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Consolidated		Separa	ate	
	financial statements		financial statements financial state		tements
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Within one year	0.23	0.51	0.23	0.51	
Less than one year but not later than five years	0.06	-	0.06	-	
Total	0.29	0.51	0.29	0.51	

## 32.4 Guarantees

The Group and the Company had outstanding bank guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Company and its subsidiaries in the normal course of the business

_			Unit	Million Baht	
	Consolidated		Separa	te	
-	financial stat	tements	financial statements		
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Electricity supply	107.05	107.05	104.85	104.45	
Performance guarantees	40.95	49.01	3.78	3.76	
Wharf and godowns for Customs Department	11.00	11.00	-		
Total	159.00	167.06	108.63	108.21	

#### 32.5 Litigation

#### Land in Prachuabkirikhan

(a) During the year 2007 and 2008, the Company and a subsidiary received a notice from Prachuabkirikhan Provincial Land Office, Bangsaphan Branch to submit the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) of the Company 24 plots at book value Baht 123.14 million and the subsidiary 18 plots at book value Baht 187.57 million which included roads passing through the port and customs cargo warehouse of the subsidiary at net book value Baht 37.70 million.

On 5 January 2010, Director General of the Department of Land ordered the revocation of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) and on 9 July 2010, Prachuabkirikhan Provincial Land Office, Bangsaphan Branch issued the substitution of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) of the Company and subsidiary.

On 20 August 2010, the Company and subsidiary filed a lawsuit against Chief of Prachuabkirikhan Provincial Land Office, Bangsaphan Branch with the Central Administrative Court to petition the court to judge the revocation of the substitution of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) and on 1 September 2010, the Company and subsidiary filed a lawsuit against the Director General of the Department of Land and the Deputy Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Interior with the Central Administrative Court to petition the court to judge the revocation of the order of the Director General of the Department of Land to order the revocation and the area revision of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) and the revocation of the appeal decision of the Deputy Permanent Secretary of the Ministry of Interior, including requested the court to suspend the execution of a sentence of the Central Administrative Court.

On 29 August 2017, the Central Administrative Court adjudicated to dismiss the lawsuit above. On 27 September 2017, the Company and subsidiary filed the appeal to protest the judgment to the Central Administrative Court with the Supreme Administrative Court. As at 31 December 2024, this case has been in the process of the Supreme Administrative Court.

(b) On 20 December 2010, the Bangsaphan Sheriff, as the officials controlling and maintaining national reserved forests, Klong Mae-Rumphueng forest, Prachuabkirikhan province, ordered the Company and the subsidiary to vacate the land and undertake no activities in the national reserved forests within 30 January 2011.

On 30 March 2011, the Company and subsidiary filed a lawsuit against the Bangsaphan Sheriff and Minister of Natural Resources and Environment with the Central Administrative Court to petition the revocation of the order of the Bangsaphan Sheriff on 20 December 2010.

On 20 February 2018, the Central Administrative Court adjudicated to dismiss the lawsuit above. On 19 March 2018, the Company and subsidiary filed the appeal to protest the judgment to the Central Administrative Court with the Supreme Administrative Court. As at 31 December 2024, this case has been in the process of the Supreme Administrative Court.

(c) On 10 April 2023, the Company received a notice from Prachuabkirikhan Provincial Land Office, Bangsaphan Branch to order the revocation and submit the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) no. 418 and 562 of Baht 5.63 million and Baht 4.67 million respectively which is the part of 24 plots above dated 30 March 2023.

On 16 August 2023, the Company filed a lawsuit against the Director General of the Department of Land with the Central Administrative Court to petition the court to adjudicate or order the revocation of the order of the Director General of the Department of Land for the revocation of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) and the revocation of the order to reject an appeal the order of the revocation of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) and the revocation of the order to reject an appeal the order of the revocation of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor). The plaintiff submitted the motion requesting the Court order to suspend the execution of a sentence of the Director General of the Department of Land.

On 13 March 2024, the Company filed a lawsuit against the Department of Lands and the Director General of the Department of Land with the Central Administrative Court for action that has caused damage to the plaintiff. On 15 March 2024, the court accepted the lawsuit. The plaintiff was claiming compensation for total losses of Baht 10.30 million with an interest at rate of 5% per annum of principal amount since the plaintiff received a notice to order the revocation of the utilization certificates (Nor Sor 3 Kor) until the amount is fully paid. On 21 June 2024, the Central Administrative Court ordered to accept the plaint for consideration. On 5 August 2024, the Central Administrative Court has an appointment for the ending date of finding facts.

In addition, the Company and subsidiary had fully recognized allowance for impairment loss on land and assets located on such land in the year 2007 and 2008 respectively (Note 16). The Group's management believes that appeal lawsuit and judicial review results will not have a material impact on the financial statements.

## 33. Financial risk management

### 33.1 Financial risk factors

The Group exposes to a variety of financial risk: market risk (including foreign exchange risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Group uses derivative financial instruments to hedge certain exposures.

Financial risk management is carried out by the Group Treasury Committee. The Group's policy includes areas such as foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The framework parameters are approved by the Board of Directors and uses as the key communication and control tools for Treasury team.

## 33.1.1 Market risk

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group operates internationally and is exposed to foreign currency risk arising mainly from trading transactions and borrowings denominated in foreign currencies. The Group uses forward contracts, transacted with the financial institutions, to hedge their exposure to foreign currency risk of transactions in foreign currency.

The Group does not apply hedge accounting. The foreign currency forwards accounted for as held for trading, with gains (losses) recognized in profit or loss.

# Exposure

The Group's and the Company's exposure to foreign currency risk at the end of the reporting period, expressed in Baht are as follows:

	Consolidation financial statements									
			2024			2023				
	USD	GBP	EUR	JPY	USD	AUD	GBP	EUR	JPY	
Financial assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	914	13,846	733	-	1,976	-	5,189	286	-	
Trade accounts receivable	-	23,969	561	-	-	937	36,077	726	-	
Financial liabilities										
Trade accounts payable	(2,555,669)	-	(1,941,764)	(231)	(4,591,256)	-	-	(389,854)	(259)	
Other current payables	(214)	(181,722)	(3,048)	-	(3,063)	-	(178,636)	(9,613)	-	
Rehabilitation Liabilities	(23,356,785)	-	-	-	(23,562,472)	-	-	-	-	
Total assets (liabilities), nets	(25,911,754)	(143,907)	(1,943,518)	(231)	(28,154,815)	937	(137,370)	(398,455)	(259)	

Unit: Thousand Baht

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Separate financial statements								
		20	24						
	USD	GBP	EUR	JPY	USD	GBP	EUR	JPY	
Financial assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	914	-	733	-	1,976	-	286	-	
Short-term loans to related parties	-	-	-	-	-	37,774	-	-	
Long-term loans to related parties	-	606,519	-	-	-	579,772	-	-	
Financial liabilities									
Trade accounts payable	(2,555,669)	-	(1,941,764)	(210)	(4,591,256)	-	(389,854)	(236)	
Other current payables	(214)	(3,781)	(3,048)	-	(3,063)	(3,877)	(9,613)	-	
Rehabilitation Liabilities	(23,356,785)	-	-	-	(23,562,472)	-	-	-	
Total assets (liabilities), nets	(25,911,754)	602,738	(1,944,079)	(210)	(28,154,815)	613,669	(399,181)	(236)	

As at 31 December 2024, the Company entered into foreign currency forwards as follows:

Unit: Thousand Baht										
Consolidated financial statements										
Currency	Purchase amount	Exchange rate	Maturity date							
USD	8,472	33.07 - 34.37 THB: USD	28 February 2025 - 29 April 2025							
EUR	20,070	35.47 - 38.40 THB: EUR	30 January 2025 - 10 November 2025							
			·							
			Unit: Thousand Bah							
		Separate financial stateme	nts							
Currency	Purchase amount	Exchange rate	Maturity date							
USD	2,300	33.85 THB: USD	13 February 2025							

# Sensitivity

As shown in the table above, the Group is primarily exposed to changes in Baht and foreign currency exchange rates. The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from financial assets and financial liabilities denominated in USD, GBP and EUR.

# (b) Interest rate risk

The Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its deposits at financial institutions, short-term loans to and long-term loans to related parties, short-term borrowings, long-term borrowings and rehabilitation liabilities. Most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities bear floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate, including those the Group had entered into as interest rate swap agreements.

Significant financial assets and liabilities classified by interest rates type and the maturity date are summarised in the table below or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

				Unit	: Thousand Baht			
	Consolidated financial statements							
	Floating	Fixed	Non-					
	interest	interest	interest		Interest rate			
As at 31 December 2024	rates	rates	bearing	Total	(% p.a.)			
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	434,900	-	8,007	442,907	0.05 - 1.45			
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	8,181	3,042	-	11,223	0.55 – 1.00			
Financial liabilities								
Short-term loans from financial institutions	16,500	-	-	16,500	MLR-0.75			
Short-term loans from related parties	522,242	-	-	522,242	MLR+1			
Long-term loans from financial institutions	-	706	-	706	2.50			
Rehabilitation liabilities	4,404,381	26,496,828	483	30,901,692	MLR and 2.00			
Lease liabilities	-	89,257	-	89,257	3.65 - 7.52			

	-			2		
	Consolidated financial statements					
	Floating	Fixed	Non-			
	interest	interest	interest		Interest rate	
As at 31 December 2023	rates	rates	bearing	Total	(% p.a.)	
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	387,372	96	5,257	392,725	0.05 – 1.45	
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	52,808	2,195	-	55,003	0.55 – 1.00	
Financial liabilities						
Short-term loans from financial institutions	22,500	-	-	22,500	MLR-0.75	
Short-term loans from related parties	930,641	-	-	930,641	MLR+1	
Long-term loans from financial institutions	-	4,888	-	4,888	2.50	
Rehabilitation liabilities	4,219,883	24,939,583	464	29,159,930	MLR and 1.75	
Lease liabilities	-	116,320	-	116,320	3.65 - 6.87	

Unit: Thousand Baht

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Separate financial statements						
	Floating	Fixed	Non-				
	interest	interest	interest		Interest rate		
As at 31 December 2024	rates	rates	bearing	Total	(% p.a.)		
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	318,636	-	1,380	320,016	0.15 - 0.55		
Short-term loans to related parties	-	-	-	-	MLR+1		
Long-term loans to related parties	606,519	-	-	606,519	MLR+1		
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	8,071	-	-	8,071	0.55		
Financial liabilities							
Short-term loans from related parties	487,039	-	-	487,039	MLR+1		
Rehabilitation liabilities	4,404,381	26,496,828	483	30,901,692	MLR and 2.00		
Lease liabilities	-	60,196	-	60,196	5.40 - 6.15		

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Separate financial statements						
	Floating	Fixed	Non-				
	interest	interest	interest		Interest rate		
As at 31 December 2023	rates	rates	bearing	Total	(% p.a.)		
Financial assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	282,995	-	1,307	284,302	0.15 - 0.55		
Short-term loans to related parties	17,367	-	-	17,367	MLR+1		
Long-term loans to related parties	600,178	-	-	600,178	MLR+1		
Restricted deposits at financial institutions	52,699	-	-	52,699	0.55		
Financial liabilities							
Short-term loans from related parties	930,641	-	-	930,641	MLR+1		
Rehabilitation liabilities	4,219,883	24,939,583	464	29,159,930	MLR and 1.75		
Lease liabilities	-	92,654	-	92,654	5.40 - 6.15		
Rehabilitation liabilities	,.	24,939,583		29,159,930	MLR and 1.75		

## 33.1.2 Credit risk

Credit risk arises from cash and cash equivalents, contractual cash flows of derivative financial instruments as well as credit exposures to customers, including outstanding receivables.

(a) Risk management

The Group manages credit risk management which is set from risk group. For banks and financial institutions, only reliable parties are accepted.

Regarding transactions with customers, the Group assesses risk control from the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on the assessments in accordance with limits set by the Company. The compliance with credit limits by customers is regularly monitored by line management.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group and the Company has financial assets that are subject to the expected credit loss model as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents
- Trade and other current receivables
- Contract assets
- Loans to related parties

Loss allowance for trade receivables is presented in Note 10. Impairment loss for other financial assets is immaterial.

## 33.1.3 Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, Group Treasury aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping credit lines available.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity reserve cash and cash equivalents and undrawn borrowing facilities (Note 20) on the basis of expected cash flows. In addition, the Group's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets and maintaining financing plans.

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities which are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying balances as the impact of discounting is not significant.

				Unit: I	housand Baht
		Consolic	lated financial	statements	
Maturity of financial liabilities	Within	1 - 5	Over		Carrying
As at 31 December 2024	1 year	years	5 years	Total	amount
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans from financial institutions	16,500	-	-	16,500	16,500
Trade and other current payables	5,913,189	-	-	5,913,189	5,913,189
Short-term loans from related parties	522,242	-	-	522,242	522,242
Long-term loans from financial institutions	428	-	-	428	428
Rehabilitation liabilities	716,120	3,958,615	26,226,957	30,901,692	30,901,692
Lease liabilities	39,591	49,666	-	89,257	89,257
Total non-derivative financial liabilities	7,208,070	4,008,281	26,226,957	37,443,308	37,443,308
Derivative liabilities					
Foreign currency forward contracts	765	-	-	765	765
Total derivative liabilities	765	-	-	765	765
Total	7,208,835	4,008,281	26,226,957	37,444,073	37,444,073

Unit: Thousand Baht

	Consolidated financial statements				
Maturity of financial liabilities	Within	1 - 5	Over		Carrying
As at 31 December 2023	1 year	years	5 years	Total	amount
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans from financial institutions	22,500	-	-	22,500	22,500
Trade and other current payables	6,387,129	-	-	6,387,129	6,387,129
Short-term loans from related parties	930,641	-	-	930,641	930,641
Long-term loans from financial institutions	438	4,449	-	4,887	4,887
Rehabilitation liabilities	319,348	3,881,448	24,959,134	29,159,930	29,159,930
Lease liabilities	37,601	78,718	-	116,319	116,319
Total non-derivative financial liabilities	7,697,657	3,964,615	24,959,134	36,621,406	36,621,406
Derivative liabilities					
Foreign currency forward contracts	15,309	-	-	15,309	15,309
Total derivative liabilities	15,309	-	-	15,309	15,309
Total	7,712,966	3,964,615	24,959,134	36,636,715	36,636,715
				Unit: 1	housand Bah
		Separ	ate financial st	atements	

Unit: Thousand Baht

-

	Separate financial statements				
Maturity of financial liabilities	Within	1 - 5	Over		Carrying
As at 31 December 2024	1 year	years	5 years	Total	amount
Non-derivative financial liabilities					
Short-term loans from related parties	487,039	-	-	487,039	487,039
Trade and other current payables	5,645,977	-	-	5,645,977	5,645,977
Rehabilitation liabilities	716,120	3,958,615	26,226,957	30,901,692	30,901,692
Lease liabilities	29,015	31,181	-	60,196	60,196
Total non-derivative financial liabilities	6,878,151	3,989,796	26,226,957	37,094,904	37,094,904
Derivative liabilities					
Foreign currency forward contracts		-	-	-	-

Derivative liabilities				
Foreign currency forward contracts	-	-	-	
Total derivative liabilities	-	-	-	

Total

-6,878,151 3,989,796 26,226,957 37,094,904 37,094,904

	Separate financial statements					
Maturity of financial liabilities	Within	1 - 5	Over		Carrying	
As at 31 December 2023	1 year	years	5 years	Total	amount	
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Short-term loans from related parties	930,641	-	-	930,641	930,641	
Trade and other current payables	6,114,361	-	-	6,114,361	6,114,361	
Rehabilitation liabilities	319,348	3,881,448	24,959,134	29,159,930	29,159,930	
Lease liabilities	24,283	68,371	-	92,654	92,654	
Total non-derivative financial liabilities	7,388,633	3,949,819	24,959,134	36,297,586	36,297,586	
Derivative liabilities						
Foreign currency forward contracts	15,309	-	-	15,309	15,309	
Total derivative liabilities	15,309	-	-	15,309	15,309	

Unit: Thousand Baht

## 33.2 Capital risk management

Total

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

3,949,819

24,959,134

36,312,895

36,312,895

7,403,942

To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amounts of dividends paid to shareholders, debt-to-equity conversion, or sell assets to reduce debt.

## 34. Fair value

The following table presents fair value of financial assets and liabilities recognized at fair value by their hierarchy, excluding where its fair value is approximating the carrying amount.

			Unit:	Thousand Baht	
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	Level 2		Level 2	2	
As at 31 December	2024	2023	2024	2023	
Financial assets measured at FVPL					
Foreign currency forward contracts	133	113	133	-	
Total	133	113	133	-	
Financial liabilities measured at FVPL					
Foreign currency forward contracts	765	15,309	-	15,309	
Rehabilitation liabilities	30,901,692	29,159,930	30,901,692	29,159,930	
Total	30,902,457	29,175,239	30,901,692	29,175,239	

There were no transfers between level 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at amortized cost are approximately to the carrying amounts as follows:

- · Cash and cash equivalents, including restricted deposits with financial institutions
- Trade and other current receivables
- Short-term and long-term loans to related parties
- Current contract asset and current contract liabilities
- · Other current and non-current assets
- Short-term from financial institutions and related parties and long-term loans from financial institutions
- Trade and other current payables
- Lease liabilities
- Other non-current liabilities

The different levels of financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted the fair value of financial instruments is based on the closing price by reference to the Stock Exchange of Thailand.
- Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments is determined using significant observable inputs and, as little as possible, entity-specific estimates.
- Level 3: The fair value of financial instruments is not based on observable market data.

## Valuation techniques used to measure fair value level 2

The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined by using forward exchange rates at the date of the statement of financial position which can be obtained from observable market.

The fair value of rehabilitation liabilities is calculated as discount future cash flows to present values.

There were no changes in valuation techniques during the year.

## 35. Reclassification

The Group and Company have been reclassified to conform to the current year's classification but with no effect to previously reported net income or shareholders' equity. The reclassifications in the financial statements as at 31 December 2023 to conform to the financial statements as at 31 December 2024 are as follow:

	Consolidated financial statements			
	Before	After		
	reclassification	Reclassification	reclassification	
Statements of financial position				
Trade accounts receivable	185,684	(185,684)	-	
Other current receivables - related parties	42,630	(42,630)	-	
Other current assets	295,200	(239,980)	55,220	
Current contract assets	50,137	37,450	87,587	
Trade and other current receivables	-	430,844	430,844	
Deposits at financial institutions with restricted				
use as collateral	-	55,004	55,004	
Other non-current financial assets	55,004	(55,004)	-	
Trade accounts payable	5,724,524	(5,724,524)	-	
Other current payables - related parties	37,284	(37,284)	-	
Other current payables	625,321	(625,321)	-	
Trade and other current payables	-	6,387,129	6,387,129	

Unit:	Thousand	Baht
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Unit: Thousand Baht

	Separ	ments	
	Before	After	
	reclassification	Reclassification	reclassification
Statements of financial position			
Trade accounts receivable	30,090	(30,090)	-
Other current receivables - related parties	50,045	(50,045)	-
Other current assets	240,078	(226,790)	13,288
Trade and other current receivables	-	306,925	306,925
Deposits at financial institutions with restricted			
use as collateral		52,700	52,700
Other non-current financial assets	52,700	(52,700)	-
Trade accounts payable	5,659,075	(5,659,075)	-
Other current payables - related parties	74,995	(74,995)	-
Other current payables	380,291	(380,291)	-
Trade and other current payables	-	6,114,361	6,114,361

# 36. Financial Statements Approval

These financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Company's Board of directors on 28 February 2025.